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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

ANNAPOLIS.

Trial of Mrs. Wharton.

CHAS KETCHUM ON THE STAND.

Important Testimony.

ANNAPOLIS, MD., December 15.—In the Wharton case to-day Judge Miller ruled out the question propounded to Vanness as to "how he came to be at Mrs. Wharton's house on a certain day, if well or sick, his symptoms, &c."

Charles Ketchum was sworn. He is a son of the late General Ketchum; has known the prisoner for twenty years; remembers the day when his father left Washington for Baltimore, June 24th; his health then was perfectly good as far as he can judge; he had a slight sore throat in April.

Witness next saw his father on Friday, the 20th of June, when he was dead; saw Mrs. Wharton at Mrs. Chubbs' house in Washington on the 3d day of July; knew she was coming to Washington; when he met her with his brother she commenced to sympathize with them, saying she also had lost a good friend; her eyes were filled with tears; she regretted to have to talk on business matters so soon after his father's death, but necessity compelled her to do so; she then said she had called to see about $4,000 in bonds she had given my father; she was going to leave Baltimore on Friday or Saturday, and desiring a letter of credit, she wished to secure the bonds; said she was going to Europe and would leave New York on the following Wednesday; witness asked at what time she had given these bonds to his father, and she replied "about eighteen months ago;" that she had given the bonds, four hundred each for one thousand dollars; they were five twenty bonds, bearing six per cent. interest, and to be sold by him and converted into 10-40 5 per cent. coupon bonds; asked if his father had given any receipt for the bonds, and she answered "no;" asked if there were any witnesses to the transactions and she said "no;" witness said he could do nothing, as no administrator had been appointed and would not be until Saturday next, and neither himself nor his brother could touch a cent before that time; she replied that that would not do, that she would leave Baltimore on Saturday, and must have money to obtain her letter of credit before she left. Witness told her that if she would accompany him to General Brice's office probably he could suggest some way by which money could be raised, and she consented. Witness then asked if she would be offended if he talked business to her; she replied she would not; he then said his father's books showed that she was in debt to him twenty-six hundred dollars; she replied that she had paid that debt in two installments; that on July 17, 1860, she paid $1,300 and $130 interest, and on January 17, 1871, she paid the balance, $1,300, and sixty-five dollars interest for six months; she said my father had noted these payments on the back of a note; that he had entered one hundred and thirty dollars as the amount due for interest at the last payment, when she said "General, that is not right; she should be sixty-five dollars, the interest on $1,300 for six months. You have calculated on $2,600." He acknowledged the mistake and erased thirteen hundred and put down sixty five. His then handed her the note, saying: "Eliza, now that this transaction is ended between us, you had better destroy the note, as it may give you some trouble." She destroyed the note in his presence. Witness asked if there were any witnesses to the transaction, and she answered "No;" asked if she had any receipt for the payments of the interest of the principal, and she answered she had not; then went to Gen. Brice's office, where he requested Mrs. Wharton to make known to him the object of her visit, when she said she had called to secure or obtain the payment of $4,000 in bonds. General Brice is witness' uncle; witness then detailed the statement made by Mrs. Wharton to General Brice in regard to the bonds, which was the same as made to himself. General Price was astonished at her demand, and told her that his father's books and papers showed that she was in his debt to the amount of $2,600, and there was no evidence that General Ketchum was her debtor in $4,000. General Brice then asked when she had given the bonds to General Ketchum. She said about eighteen months ago. General Brice asked what kind of bonds they were. She replied four one thousand five-twenty bonds, to be converted into ten-forties for safe keeping. Gen. Brice then asked about the $2,600, when she made the same statement in regard to having paid it as she made to witness. The statement was repeated in full as to the payment and the advice of General Ketchum to destroy the note and its destruction. Gen. Brice asked in what manner she had paid this money. She replied "in greenbacks." Gen. Brice asked if she was not afraid to carry so large a sum of money about; she said "no;" asked if she had a receipt or any witness to the transaction. She answered "no;" asked if Mrs. Chubb did not know something about it. She replied that no one knew anything about it. The General then told her there was no possible means of getting the bonds at that time, as the estate of General Ketchum was in court; that if her trip to Europe depended on getting the bonds she had better give up all hope of going. She received the announcement with no apparent concern or emotion, and got up to leave, saying she was sorry she had not time to call on Mrs. Brice, but thought it was best she should not, as her presence might awaken painful grief. Mrs. Brice is a sister of General Ketchum. She sent her love to Mrs. Brice, and left. Witness went with her to the sidewalk and told her he would be over in Baltimore next day for his father's effects. They then separated.

In reply to a question from the court, witness answered that Mrs. Wharton stated that she had made a payment to his father at Mrs. Chubbs' house, the next day, July 4th, witness went to Baltimore and saw Mrs. Wharton at her house; then showed her a small pocket diary that belonged to his father, and asked her to examine it for herself. She declined to take the diary, saying she could not see to read it. It was about one o'clock in the day, and bright, as far as he remembers. Witness asked if she had her glasses with her. She answered that it would make no difference. If she had, she would be unable to read it. Witness then commenced and read the contents of each page of the diary to her, beginning on the fly leaf. She was at his right hand, close enough to hear all he read. Among the entries in the diary read by witness were three credit payments of interest on E. E. Wharton's note, each one hundred and twenty dollars, dated January 17, 1870, July 17, 1870, and January 25, 1871. While reading the entries Mrs. Wharton interrupted him several times, and spoke of four thousand in bonds. Witness said if she would wait until he was through, he would talk about the bonds. When he read the entry of the payment of the interest on January 25, 1871, Mrs. Wharton said that was not correct; it should be sixty-five dollars instead of one hundred and thirty, and it was paid on the seventeenth of January, and not on the 25th. He asked if the payment was made by checks. She answered "No." He asked if the payment of the principal had been made by check or draft. She said no, it was paid with money she had in the house which she received from rents. He asked if she could give him from her books the dates on which she made payments. She replied that she kept no books; did sometimes, but they were too much trouble. Witness then asked her to make out a memorandum of the dates on which payments were made, which she agreed to do, and to forward to him next day. Witness also requested that the memorandum should contain the date when the bonds were delivered to his father. She said she would not like to be compelled to swear to the exact dates, as she kept no books. Witness told her he would take General Eaton with him to the Safe Deposit Company in Washington, and have him examine the bonds, and see if there was any indication that they belonged to her. She consented, but does not remember in what words. She also stated that she could not understand why my father claimed that she was in his debt, as she had paid him in January, or why he said he was coming to Baltimore to have a settlement before she left for Europe, unless he had reference to a conversation she had with him. She then told me my father had informed her that he had been looking at a house somewhat above his figures, and that if he made up his mind to buy it he would have to ask her to return the compliment of a loan to her, and he would give her a mortgage on the house. She told my father she did not know if she could spare the money, but if she could possibly let him have any of the $4,000, she would do so, and that as he had accepted her note, she would certainly accept his without taking a mortgage. She also said she was sorry to be compelled to say so, but she had noticed that my father's mind was blurred at times; that in one or two recent conversations with her she had noticed that he had lost the thread of the conversation. Witness replied that he had not observed it himself, or heard any one else mention it; does not remember her reply. He stated to Mrs. Wharton on Friday, the 23d of June, the day previous to his father's leaving for Baltimore, while at Mrs. Chubbs' house, that he had asked his father if Mrs. Wharton had paid the money due him, when his father answered that she had not. When Mrs. Wharton was in Washington, on the Tuesday previous, she told him she had some misunderstanding with her banker, and could not pay him then, and she had asked Mrs. Chubbs, himself and a witness to spend Saturday with her in Baltimore, and promised to pay him on that day. His father said he had no objection to her keeping the money as long as she remained in the country, as she paid good interest; knew she was in delicate health, and he might never see her again, and he might need the money to help pay for his house. Witness asked Mrs. Wharton how she had received the interest on the bonds, and she replied: "In gold, greenbacks and coupons;" at different times, which my father paid her. Witness went with General Eaton to examine the bonds, which was done. They found no indications that any of the bonds belonged to Mrs. Wharton. He had promised to let her know the result of the examination by General Eaton by letter, and did so. They also looked among the papers for some evidence of payments made by Mrs. Wharton, but none was found. Witness said that his father bought a house in Washington, on June 12th, for $11,960, for which he paid the full amount on June 24th. He had a receipt for the payments in full.

A canceled check for the amount was shown, but objected to by defense.

Witness continued on the reason of his going to Baltimore for his father's effects. Mrs. Wharton took him to the room where his father died, showed him a valise, umbrella and hat. She then went down stairs and returned, bringing witness the key and other small articles. He opened the valise in Mrs. Wharton's presence, taking out the clothes and searching the pockets to see if he could find the note. He found nothing. The vest was in the valise. His father was fifty-eight years old. He never dressed gay.

The prosecution now offered in evidence the books kept by General Ketchum, to show the indebtedness of Mrs. Wharton to him.

Counsel for the defense objected, and Mr. Steele suggested that the jury be allowed to retire before the arguument on the question of admitting the books was commenced. This was assented to by the counsel for the prosecution, and the jury retired.

Mr. Haynes then commenced the argument, citing authorities on which the objection was based, at the conclusion of which the Court adjourned.

CHICAGO.

Proposed Buffalo Hunt.

CHICAGO, December 15.—It is definitely fixed that Grand Duke Alexis, with his suite, will reach this city on Friday, the 29th. On Saturday he will go to Milwaukee, and on Saturday night will return to Chicago, and will leave for St. Louis on Sunday night or Monday morning. His headquarters will be at the Tremont House. No formal reception will be extended to him in Chicago. Lieutenant General Sheridan has extended to the Grand Duke and his party an invitation to indulge in a grand buffalo hunt, but no reply to the invitation has as yet been received. It is proposed that the party shall proceed *via* the Pacific Railroad to Fort McPherson. From the fort the party are to proceed sixty miles south, on horseback and by ambulance, to a point where buffalo exist in immense numbers. The camp will be previously sent forward and everything made snug and comfortable. A thousand Sioux Indians, under the lead of Spotted Tail and Whistler, will be on hand to participate in the hunt, to show the Grand Duke how a buffalo is killed *en regle*.

REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE CO.

The directors and stock-holders of the Republic Fire Insurance Company of this city have been in session for the past two days. Yesterday nothing of importance was accomplished. To-day the report of the Auditing Committee appointed to examine into its financial condition was made. It sets forth that the gross credit indebtedness was $884,000; amount of Chicago claims on file, but not adjusted, $1,100,000; Chicago claims not presented, $500,000; other losses, $65,000; amount required to cancel policies, $51,000.

The committee recommend that the stockholders pay on the latter amount until it is all paid up, and the company's liabilities liquidated. They also recommend that said losses be adjusted as soon as possible on the best terms obtainable, but that in the meantime no more business be transacted, no further liabilities be incurred, and that no assessment should be enforced beyond what is absolutely necessary to the exigencies of the occasion.

On motion, the report was adopted and placed on file. It was moved and carried that the executive committee of the company be requested to appoint from their own number a sub committee to confer with those who have claims on the company, and ascertain in what amount a compromise may be effected for cash, to be paid down on the first day of March, 1872, and that said sub committee consist of three members, to report at the annual meeting of the directors and stockholders, which will take place in January next.

TROOPS IN CHICAGO.

As the presence of United States troops in or near Chicago is a subject of much discussion at this time, it may be of interest to the public to state that four companies of infantry are stationed at Dexter Park, near the Union stock yards, outside of the city limits, in the town of Lake. They came from Newport, Kentucky, and are under command of Mayor General Pope, of the Department of the Lakes, in which Chicago is situated. They are occupying this place as their winter quarters, and have not assumed, and it is claimed will not assume, any functions or relations contrary to the laws and dignity of Illinois.

REMAINS DISCOVERED.

The remains of James Thompson, who has been missing since the fire, were discovered yesterday afternoon under the debris of a building on North Clark street, near Illinois. He was a man of considerable wealth.

ST. LOUIS.

Express Robbers Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, December 15.—Wm. A. Pinkerton and S. T. Gallagher, of Pinkerton's Chicago Detective Agency, and detective Connell, of Memphis, left here last night for Union City, Tennessee, having in charge Hillery Farrington, *alias* Henry Clark, and Wm. Burton, who are charged with robbing the Southern Express Company's messenger by boarding the trains at Moscow and Union City, on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, last July and October. These men were arrested at Vereon on the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, in the extreme southwestern part of this State, where they were captured only after the house in which they had taken refuge was securely barricaded from the outside and then set on fire. They are desperate characters, and are charged with murder as well as robbery. Their arrest, it is believed, will have the effect to break up one of the worst gangs of desperadoes that ever existed in the West.

—The Treasury Investigation Committee at Washington has finished the examination of the division of loans, and found all correct.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

NEW YORK.

Proposition from Garvey.

THE INTERNATIONALS.

Seizure by the Sheriff.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE.

NEW YORK, December 15, 1871.

MEDICAL.

A meeting of the doctors was held yesterday to take steps to secure a legislative enactment against quackery and abortion.

PLASTERER GARVEY'S PROPOSITION.

The *Sun* says that it has information that Mrs. Garvey, wife of Plasterer Garvey, arrived in the city yesterday from Switzerland, and that she was instructed by her husband to say that on condition of his not being prosecuted, he will disclose all that he knows concerning the ring frauds. She intimates that her husband's revelations will implicate Mayor Hall, Sweeny and Henry Smith. Her proposition has not yet been replied to by Charles O'Connor.

SUNDAY PROCESSION.

There was a meeting of the Police Commissioners yesterday, whereat the order prohibiting the Internationalists' procession was rescinded. Judge Bosworth, in a speech, said that the independent police force was large, but as the community had taken no opposite view, the order ought to be rescinded. Mayor Hall offered a draft of the proposed bill regulating processions.

INTERNATIONALISM.

At a meeting of the Internationalists last evening, an address was adopted declaring that the cause of the working classes who have always fought for the liberties of the down-trodden is the cause of Internationalism. Resolutions were offered declaring sympathy for the Cubans, and denouncing the administration for its attitude on the Cuban question.

PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT SEIZED.

A Deputy Sheriff yesterday seized the New York Printing Company's establishment and the New York Manufacturing and Stationer's office, both creatures of the Ring, to satisfy the company's protested notes for one hundred thousand dollars on the Ocean Bank.

THE OCEAN BANK.

A committee of depositors in the Ocean Bank, after consultation and investigation with Western Bank officers interested and the receiver, have concluded that the bank will be able to pay in full.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE.

At a meeting of the Central Woman's Suffrage Organization, last evening, addresses were made in favor of female suffrage by Julia Ward Howe, Doctress Lazear, Miss Blake and others.

ESSEX MARKET PRISON.

The Grand Jury yesterday visited the Essex Market prison and found some of the apartments of the prison unfit for occupancy. Necessary reform measures were suggested.

TWEED'S SUCCESSOR.

It is again asserted that Thomas E. Stewart, an ex-Republican member of Congress, will take the place of Tweed as Commissioner of Public Works.

DIAMOND ROBBERY.

Thieves stole five thousand dollars' worth of diamonds from the residence of A. Gutlenez, yesterday, while the family were eating supper.

THE CAPITAL.

Senatorial Caucus.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, December 15, 1871.

HOUSE.

RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED.

A joint resolution was introduced by Mr. DAWES donating cannon for a soldier's monument in Pittsfield, Mass.

Mr. SNAPP offered a resolution for the abolition of printing and transporting of public documents at the public expense. Referred.

Several private bills were passed.

Mr. SLOCUM presented a petition for a reduction of the duty on rice.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AT CHICAGO.

Mr. GARFIELD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase at private sale or by condemnation the remainder of the square of ground on which the postoffice building at Chicago recently stood, and not now owned by the Government. If the same cannot be procured at a reasonable price, then to purchase some other square not more than two squares distant from that locality, and proceed to have erected thereon a fire-proof building for the accommodation of the Custom House, Subtreasury, Postoffice, United States Courts, Pension, Internal and Revenue offices. The bill appropriates $2,000,000, and provides that the total cost of the site and building shall not exceed $4,000,000.

After discussion the bill for the Chicago Custom House was passed with a limitation of the amount to $4,000,000.

WASHINGTON TREATY.

The House passed two appropriation bills to carry out the Washington treaty, and then adjourned until Monday.

FOREIGN.

The Prince of Wales.

SYMPTOMS IMPROVING.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

LONDON, December 15, 6 P. M.—The latest from Sandringham, 5:30 P. M., says the Prince has been tranquil all afternoon. The course of the fever continues favorable. The Queen will return to Windsor to-morrow.

This bulletin was received with great cheering wherever posted up. A feeling of profound relief prevails in all quarters.

LONDON, December 16, 1:30 A. M.—An official report from Sandringham, at one o'clock, says the Prince of Wales had some quiet sleep to-night.

ARKANSAS.

Fiendish Murder—Great Excitement.

LITTLE ROCK, December 15.—A special to the *Republican* from Helena says on Monday last a fiendish murder was committed in Lakeville, Chrivant county, by Sanders, Dugan and Garrett, citizens of the county, upon a young colored lawyer, who had recently located there. The murder grew out of political differences in the late election in that county. Intense excitement prevails, and hundreds of armed men are pouring into the town, and it is feared that the murderers will be taken from the jail and lynched.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The President has no knowledge of Minister Schenk's wish to be recalled.

—John Ware was executed at Philadelphia on Friday for the murder of his father.

—General Puello, of the Spanish army, formerly of San Domingo, died at Havana last Thursday.

—Some anonymous delinquent has made restitution to the Treasury Department at Washington by sending a draft for $1,500.

—A new combination has been organized at London, England, to rescue the Erie Railway from the present Directors. It is proposed to inaugurate energetic measures immediately.

—The petition presented to Congress, signed by three thousand women of this country, protesting against female suffrage, was enclosed in a silk envelope, representing the national colors.

—A bill has been introduced in the California legislature and referred, giving Cyrus W. Field and his associates the right to construct lines and land cables for an international telegraph to China and Japan, direct or *via* Hawaiian Islands.

—At the American House, Boston, on Thursday morning, Col. S. S. Lawrence, a wealthy gentleman aged sixty-two, from Elgin, Illinois, in a tempeary fit of insanity, leaped from a third story window falling upon iron pickets, and sustained injuries which will probably prove fatal.

—A Washington dispatch states that Charles Mellen, of the firm of Mellen, Ward & Co., Boston, who was in 1869 with other operators, convicted of fraud against the Government and sentenced to five years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $100,000, has been pardoned by President Grant and the fine remitted.

—The North German Lloyd Line steamship Berlin sailed from the European steamship pier on Wednesday, the 13th inst., at two o'clock P. M., for Bremen. She takes out ten cabin passengers and five steerage passengers. Her cargo consists of 830 bags and 12,854 bushels of grain, 1,360 packages of assorted freight, and forty seven hogsheads tobacco.

—Hon. George H. Williams, the newly appointed United States Attorney General, has served as one of the District Judges of Iowa, and as United States Senator one term from Oregon. This was from 1865 to 1871, during which he was a prominent member of the Judiciary Committee. At the close of his Senatorial term the President appointed him one of the Joint High Commissioners, whose labors resulted in the Treaty of Washington. He is about fifty years old, and is regarded as an eminent legist.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Personal and Otherwise.

The Cathedral is to be finished at once.

A "DONATION PARTY" a few evenings since made Rev. D. D. Hess, of Birmingham, richer by $115.

REV. J. R. KERR, of Allegheny, lectured a few evenings since in Rochester, New York, on "Fiction."

DR. A. K. BELL will preach to-morrow, both morning and evening, in the Sandusky street Baptist church, Allegheny City.

REV. E. R. JONES, of Knowlson and Banksville, will occupy the pulpit at Ames M. E. chapel, Third avenue, to-morrow.

MANY of the churches are decorating for the holidays. In the Episcopal churches especially is this beautiful custom is adhered to.

WM. SLOAN, Esq., of Grove City, Baptist minister, died on Thursday, at Chilliocothe, O. He preached in the morning, and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon was dead.

REV. REV. M. DOMENY will solemnly bless statues, and deliver a lecture on the subject, at St. John's Church, in Birmingham, on Sunday evening at 7½ o'clock. Doors open at 7 P. M.

"REVIVAL MEETINGS" are now in progress in the Fifth Centenary church, Harsburg. Rev. E. M. Wood, pastor, and at the North Avenue M. E. Church, Allegheny, Rev. J. R. Mills, pastor.

THE report of the Committee on distribution of work for local preachers of the M. E. church hereabouts, will be read to-morrow and Sunday at the various churches, and all the local preachers are requested to be present.

THE Rev. S. W. HOTLER of the Pittsburgh M. E. Conference who went to Minnesota about three months ago for the benefit of his health, has been so much improved by the climate as to be able to resume ministerial duties. He has accepted charge of a congregation at Milton City, Wisconsin, and may locate in the west.

ABOUT four o'clock last evening, as a lady and a little boy, about six years of age, were crossing Penn, at the corner of Sixth street, a team of horses, being driven rapidly down the latter thoroughfare, knocked the child down, and he barely escaped the feet of the horses. No arrest was made, as might well have been done for reckless driving.

Braddock's Grave.

The Uniontown *American Standard*, of the 8th inst., after giving an account of the planting on the 26th ult., by Mr. Murdock and our Mr. King of sundry selected trees at the grave of General Braddock, in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, adds the following interesting historical sketch of events and incidents connected with Braddock's defeat and death, and of the customs of that period:

In connection with Braddock's grave, we cannot resist the temptation to give some historical incidents derived from the Hon. Andrew Stewart. About the year 1802, Mr. Stewart's father lived about two miles east of Braddock's Old Road"—the old military road. Being superintendent of roads, he went with some hands, to repair the road, taking with him Mr. Stewart—then a boy of 10 or 12 years of age, who is the man. While at work on the east bank of Braddock's Run, Thomas Facett, (born in 1713, and died in 1815, aged 101 years,) who was with Braddock's army at the time of his defeat and death, an old mountain hunter, then living on the road less than a mile east of Braddock's Grave, in a cabin, some of the ruins of which are still visible, came along, with his rifle on his shoulder, a hunting knife in his belt, dressed in a blue hunting shirt, bear skin cap, and buckskin pants, standing at this time over seven about six feet four inches in his moccasins. Faucett said: "Take care, men, or you will dig up Braddock's bones. We buried him here where he died, right on the bank of this run. We dug away the bank, and drove the horses & wagons over the grave, that the enemy could not find the grave. I will show you the spot. The water has washed down nearly to the bones. Dig down here a few feet and you will find them." The men did so, and found the bones.

"Braddock," said Faucett to the workmen, "was a brave man, but to save his men I shot him." Why so? was asked. "I will tell you," he replied. Joe and I were falling behind trees, when Braddock came riding along and struck Joe, saying, 'You coward, stand out and fight like a man.' Seeing him in our rear worse enemy, I turned around and shot him instead of an Indian. When Washington took command, he told us to go. We did so, and the remnant of us were saved."

In confirmation of Faucett's story, history says that it was thought at the time that Braddock was shot by one of his own men; and it was upon this occasion that Braddock, when Washington advised him to let the artillery, said: "High times, when a Virginia Buckskin undertakes to teach a British General how to fight."

Mr. Stewart further says the bones were referred at the foot of a large white oak tree, except a few which his father took home and afterwards sent by some western merchants, going east, under directions to put them in the Museum at Philadelphia. The merchants, Mr. Stewart says, then traveled in companies, armed with rifles, as much danger existed from Indian depredations. Each pack-horse carried two or three thousand dollars in small leather bags. The merchants would carry back on the same horses, iron, salt, and other merchandise, for the supply of the Western people, the whole in a year amounting perhaps to not much more than one "iron horse" now takes over the mountains in a single train. Slaves from Virginia were driven through Uniontown in those days, carroled together like horses, for the Western market. This may seem strange to young ears, but there are many old persons still living who witnessed it.

AMONG THE POOR.

The Work of Relief—The Ladies Society—The Work of the Past Year—Necessities of the Future.

The annual report of the Pittsburgh Association for the relief of the Poor comes to hand filled with interesting matter pertaining to this christian and philanthropic "labor of love," in which many of the ladies of this city are engaged. From the report it appears that the Association has just closed its ninth year, and commences upon the tenth with every encouragement from the benevolent-hearted who have heretofore so cheerfully aided in its support. In speaking of

THE YEAR'S WORK

the Managers say:

"DECEMBER, 1871, found the Managers of "*The Pittsburgh Association for the Relief of the Poor*" ready and anxious to begin their work for the winter. Their treasury was empty. Death had robbed the Board of one of its efficient members; others had grown weary of the work, and abandoned it. Of the sixty ladies and gentlemen whose names are found enrolled in the First Annual report of the Association, *only eight* were found in the last year's report; eleven other ladies have joined from time to time, giving a force of nineteen officers and members, all told, to perform the arduous labors of the Association during the past winter.

As the schedule contains thirty-eight districts, some of the Managers were compelled to take charge of three—one Manager thus assuming and performing the labor of three, or rather six, for each district should be under the supervision of two Managers, at least.

The fact that the terrible fire in Chicago kindled in the hearts of so large a number of ladies in this city, a sympathy that opened their purses, and stimulated their hands to ply their busy needles day after day, to provide and make garments to send to the unfortunate sufferers from that awful conflagration, shows, *most emphatically*, that, instead of nineteen laborers, the Pittsburgh Association should enroll on its record hundreds of men and women, anxious and willing to visit and relieve the worthy and afflicted poor in our own city.

During the winter a great deal of suffering was found among the worthy poor, and, as is, and ever will be, the case, more among those unworthy; for the latter, nothing done was done than to give an occasional meal, or a few bushels of coal, to prevent freezing and starvation. Most, if not all, such cases, were the result of intemperance, to which, to have given any further aid, would only have been to give to the miserable, degraded fathers and mothers greater opportunity to indulge the appetite that renders them fiends and tyrants in the homes where their poor, starving children shrink in fear from their terrible curses and heavy blows. Volumes might be written on the sights that constantly meet our eyes, we find ourselves powerless to remedy the evil,—for, as we walk up and down our streets, on every side of us we find either the wholesale liquor store or the petty dramshop, parading before the eyes of its deluding victims, the temptation to gratify their appetites for intoxicating drink, and this, too, *under the high sanction and sanction of the law*. The members of this association unanimously testify that two-thirds of the poverty and misery that comes under their observation, is the result, directly or indirectly, of intemperance.

The value for which we would plead and labor, is not composed of the whining, filthy beggar, who annoys the pedestrian on every street corner, or begs cast off clothing and cold victuals from door to door,—all such we would ask the Mayor to send either to the alms or work-house. During the nine years that this society has been at work, it has been the rule, that those persons most needing assistance, and most worthy of it, have been cases made known by others, and not by their own personal applications for aid.

During the winter the Managers will give relief in one thousand two hundred and ten cases, distributing nine hundred and seventy-two dollars and seventy-five cents in cash, in fifty-seven cheries, three hundred and seventy-five dollars and forty-five cents worth of shoes, nine hundred and ninety-seven dollars and twenty-one cents worth of coal. New and second-hand clothing, bedding, and other necessaries, were distributed independent of the funds of the Association.

The work of the past winter was a laborious one, and no wonder that the Managers sometimes felt that their burdens were more than they could bear. Had it not been that they had been blessed given them the fullest confidence in the generosity of some of our citizens, they would have despaired of being able to prosecute their work. With a press of labor resting upon them, that would not admit of their soliciting funds, and mindful of their former resources, all, many feared that the society would involve itself in debt, from which it would have no means of relief; but, as time passed on, donation after donation flowed into the treasury until the cloud lifted, and the sunshine of hope and gladness beamed once more with a warmth that dispelled all care and anxiety.

The managers return thanks for the daily and weekly press of the city for gratuitously publishing notices and acknowledgments; and to Mr. C. J. Clarke, for the use of several hundred tickets; to Mr. McFadden for a large number of coal orders, from the Brewer and Crawford funds.

The Secretary returns her grateful thanks to Mrs. and Miss Addison, Mrs. M. Graff, Mrs. Darling, Mrs. Richard Hays, Mrs. J. Laughlin, Mrs. J. C. Lippincott, Mrs. Young, and Mrs. George Hamilton, for clothing and money for distribution in cases coming under her special supervision; also, to the GAZETTE and *Leader* for their great kindness in opening their columns, gratuitously, to lengthy appeals for aid in behalf of Mr. Campbell, and for the generous aid they gave in collecting donations for his relief.

Reference is also made to a number of instances illustrating the work of the managers and the happiness which the temporary aid brought into many a worthy family, of the suffering poor. In closing, the report touchingly refers to the death of one of the most active members, Mrs. Miller E. Montooth, of whom it is said:

"Again has death entered our Board, taking from us one whom, we fondly loved. In years, but mature in judgment, with a heart full of sympathy for the afflicted, and a love for our work that prompted her to fulfill every duty with an energy and punctuality rarely met with.

"Joining the Association in her happy girlhood, when she became a bride she did not allow her new interests and pleasures to draw her from the work to which she had faithfully devoted herself. Her beloved co-worker, whose death we chronicled in our last annual report, left her alone in the care of two of the largest and most difficult districts to manage, on our schedule. Faithfully and efficiently did she perform her duties to the very last. Her death leaves vacant a post we know not how to fill. We shall sorrowfully miss her gentle voice and sweet young face from our meetings, which have for so many years, been cheered by her presence."

From the report of the Treasurer, Mrs. B. Preston, shows the following receipts and expenditures.

DONATIONS.

Wm. Grier	$ 5 00
J. Henderson & Bro	5 00
Collected by Miss Denny	5 00
Chas. J. Clarke	250 00
Waring & King	50 00
Wm. Phillips	500 00
Miss Thompson	5 00
Miss Jane Holmes	5 00
Andy Jackman	5 00
Capt. Beers	100 00
A Stranger	100 00
W. E. Sennett	25 00
Alex. Nimick	100 00
Mrs. Morrison	25 00
Miss Holmes	5 00
Third Presbyterian Church	176 00
Robert Beer	100 00
Mrs. Ewing	50 00
A Friend	25
Charles Arbuthnot	25 00
Friends	5 50
J. P. Hanna	25 00
Mrs. Nath. Holmes	5 00
Haifman Fund	200 00
A Friend	25
do. do.	25
Second U. P. Church	38 82
A Friend	50
Mrs. G. Follansbee	1 00
Miss Thompson	1 00
Boy	50
First Presbyterian Church	84 51
Annual fee from members	5 25
J. R. McCune	10 00
Mrs. Hanna	10 00
Fees from members	8 00
C. H. Armstrong, 200 bushels of coal, at 10 cents	20 00
J. S. Rowe, 50 bushels of coal, at 10 cents	5 00
Hutchinson, 50 bushels of coal, at 10 cents	5 00
Dickson, Stewart & Co	50 00
Total	$2,400 03

RECEIPTS.

From Third Presbyterian Church	$176 00
" Second U. P. "	38 82
" First Presbyterian "	84 51
" all other sources	2,100 50
Total	$2,400 03

EXPENDITURES.

Groceries	$922 78
Printing	50 26
Shoes	107 45
Coal	997 21
Total	$2,395 80
Paid out for relief of poor by order of Association	64 23
Total	$2,460 03

THE MANAGERS FOR 1872

consist of

President—Mrs. Harmer Denny.
Vice Presidents—Mrs. Dithridge, Mrs. Reed, Mrs. McKee.
Secretary—Mrs. Lovi Wade.
Treasurer—Mrs. B. Preston.
Managers—Mrs. Johnston, Mrs. Vernon, Mrs. Preston, Mrs. Reed, Mrs. J. C. Lippincott, Mrs. McKee, Miss Hunnings, Miss McCormick, Miss Dalzell, Mrs. Dithridge, Mrs. Vernon, Mrs. Wade, Mrs. Rowley, Mrs. Butler, Mrs. Samson, Mrs. Crane, Miss Paisley.

The Managers enter the year with many urgent calls for help coming up, but with an unbounded confidence in the liberality of the benevolent. The work is a noble one, and if any charitable enterprise is worthy of support theirs is so in an eminent degree.

The Contractors who are engaged in laying the Nicholson pavement along Penn avenue, deserve the highest praise for their energy in pushing on the work with magnificent speed. They have it completed at this present time as far as Point Breeze, better known, perhaps, as the old Negley farm, and will be finished before the 15th inst. There is something in such a wonderful work as this, stretching as it does for miles along the beautiful section of good old Allegheny county, that appeals to our admiration and highest regard. Property will be largely benefited in value by it. It will also create feelings of admiration in the breasts of strangers visiting the city, and will lead undoubtedly as many of them do, to explore the section or country lying around. East Liberty. We are beyond question going ahead in the matter of improving our streets with commendable energy. Our city was behind in this respect; but when she puts her energy arms to work in any given direction, she shows herself possessed of a power that may well excite admiration in us all. The scenery around us has always been highly praised by strangers; and, it will be only necessary for us to enable them to get to it on a more extensive scale, to win from them a larger share of commendation. There is something to be thrilling certain amount of pride in the city of your birth. You do not like to see her lag behind in her highways and byways, but ever rejoice with her in her prosperity, and sadden with her affliction. It is to be hoped that we will always be as prosperous as we are at this period, and that no official misrule will sully our financial honor.

JOHN K. HOLMES.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE COLLIER.

In the case of Daniel Robinson, tried yesterday for aggravated assault and battery, on oath of George Johnston, the jury this morning found a verdict of guilty of assault and battery.

Casper Graff plead guilty to a charge of larceny by bailee, on oath of Franz Reicher. The defendant was given a pair of boots valued at nine dollars, to deliver to a third party, but instead of doing so, he pawned them. Sentenced to the Work House for ten months.

Clifford Ryland plead guilty to the larceny of sixty bottles of whisky valued at one hundred and sixty dollars, the property of Henry M. Bennett, of the Central Hotel. Sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for eleven months.

James McDonald was convicted of fornication and bastardy, on oath of Rebecca Wright. Sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars to the Commonwealth, twenty dollars to the prosecutrix, and the further sum of one dollar and twenty-five cents per week for the term of five years.

The Court was compelled to adjourn at noon on account of the absence of parties whose cases had been placed on the trial list.

Col. Bayne, District Attorney, forfeited a number of recognizances in cases which had been called for trial, and attachments were issued. This course will be pursued hereafter against all plaintiffs and defendants who fail to answer when their cases are called. The recognizances, when forfeited, will be promptly sued upon, so that sureties will avoid serious trouble and loss by looking after those parties for whom they have gone bail. This course has been deemed absolutely necessary in consequence of the failure of parties to answer when their cases are called.

Trial List for Saturday.

Commonwealth vs.
Joseph Clingerman, Wm. Updegraff, Wm. Patterson, Louis Hite, John Miller.
Levi Richey, Joseph A. Quill, Bridget Sherlock, Wm. Tomney,

Trial List for Monday.

Commonwealth vs.
Jonathan Stringer, Edward Scott, Michal Demlevvy, Wm. Albrees, et. al., Jacobina Fahnlon, Thomas Henry, Louis Hilke, Wm. Baer, et. al., Herman Schuler, James Paxton, James Allen, Sophia Semidt, Hannah Donaldie, John Finn, et. al
Henry Meinhardt, Farrick Conner, Frederick Meyer, John Eichler, Charles Geurst, Martin Geisey, et. al, John Foutty, George Wetzell, Geo. Little, et. al., John Robb, Kate Gamill, Edward Scott, Michael Fox.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGES STERRETT AND STOWE.

The case of Kneeland vs. Eyre et. al., reported on trial yesterday before Judge Sterrett, the jury rendered a verdict for the plaintiff.

In the case of C. W. Robb vs. Wm. Williams et al., Thompson, admitted. Up to the hour of adjournment no verdict had been rendered.

The case of John M. Ewing et ux vs. Dr. A. R. Thompson, administrator of Daniel Morgan, deceased, taken up yesterday afternoon was resumed. It is an action to recover for street repairs done on property belonging to deceased during his last illness. On trial.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE M'CANDLESS

In the bankruptcy branch of this court a petition was presented in behalf of Messrs. Littell and Mechling, of this city, asking that Shutton, of Conn

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SATURDAY, DEC. 16, 1871.

BONDS at Frankfort 97¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 48f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 109¾@109¾.

MANY of our manufacturing establishments are so pressed with orders that they are compelled to run double turns—day and night. This is truly a gratifying sign of the times.

THE Prince of Wales gradually grows better. The impression that his friends and physicians exaggerated his illness for political purposes is strengthened in the fact that he is recovering.

SENATORS TRUMBULL and Schurz are generally believed to be arrayed against the administration of President Grant. Their heaviest guns have been already fired off on the civil service reform, but we are at a loss to find any dead or wounded left on the ground.

THE *Post* makes much ado over the contested Aldermanship question in the First ward. It seems to forget the fact that Democrats, as well as Republicans, are implicated in the charge of fraud. At best, it seems that the indictment of foul practice cannot be well sustained by the evidence.

THE DEMOCRATIC weekly papers of the State exult "muchly" over the election of Mayor Blackmore as a Democratic triumph of promise. They are welcome to their joy and congratulations, but the successful candidate does not himself regard his victory as a triumph or defeat of any political party.

J. W. GARRETT, ESQ., has just been elected for the fourteenth consecutive term President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. Notwithstanding that our people are not entirely satisfied with his policy towards the Connellsville road, there can be no gainsaying the fact that he is one of the ablest financiers and railroad managers in this country. We should not wonder that the *Post* will take him up as its next candidate for the Presidency.

A PLEASING EPISODE in the visit of Alexis, is found in his enclosure of a check for $5,000 to W. H. Aspinwall, "for distribution among the poor of New York, wishing them to feel that a visit, which has afforded so much pleasure to him, has been the occasion of some slight relief to them." The Duke stops in his carnival of pleasure to drop a penny to the lonely poor. It speaks well for his heart, and its warm impulses, and will tend to relieve his visit of austere criticism.

THE POLICE COMMISSIONERS of New York have given away before the pressure and allowed the Internationalists to parade on Sunday. We do not see why an ordinary week day would not have answered the purposes of that society as well as the Sabbath. We fear very much that the old regard and veneration in which the Lord's day was held in this country, is giving away to the new ideas of those who would desecrate rather than honor its observance.

EITHER there is nothing at all in a name, or else fame is only vanity and vexation. Take, for instance, the name of our Pennsylvania war poet. One would suppose that his reputation as a poet and a politician would ensure the proper spelling of his name, yet in all the newspapers throughout the land it has been announced that the Senate has confirmed the nomination of Mr. George H. Baker to be Minister Resident at Constantinople, and they all referred to Geo. H. Boker, of course.

THE RETURN in cash for the coal recently shipped down the Ohio is having a good effect on the general trade of the city. Prior to the late long delayed rise in the river many of our coal kings were getting to the bottom of their purses in keeping things going and accumulating a vast stock which they could not ship to purchasers. Even as it is some ten million bushels of coal now await shipment, the cash value of which the producers must lie out of until Providence again fills the channels of our rivers sufficiently to allow navigation.

TENNIE C. CLAFLIN and Victoria C. Woodhull are greatly annoyed by their parents and have complained of them as nuisances and had them arrested. Such conduct on the part of these women will not tend to raise them in the opinions of good or respectable people, a fact which is, probably, perfectly indifferent to them. One gleam of brightness falls through it all, however, and that is the fact that a promise is made in the decalogue that the days of such as honor their fathers and mothers shall be long in the land, and these women have not honored theirs.

THE rumor that Mrs. Garvey has returned from Europe, whither her husband had escaped, and made a propositiou to the authorities of New York, that her husband will return and make a full confession, implicating Mayor Hall, Tweed and others, provided he shall be free from arrest himself, has caused quite a flutter among those members of Tammany who have up to this time succeeded in escaping arrest, for crimes which everybody in the land knows they are guilty of, and for which they richly deserve punishment. We think it would not be a bad idea to obtain such a confession, even by granting the fugitive accessory, freedom from arrest, in order to make sure of the punishment of the leaders in the great conspiracy.

MR. BERGH has, we believe, ordered Mr. Barnum to let his spotted hyena loose. We presume it is cruel to keep the animal cooped up in a den barely large enough for him to turn around in, and the cruelty is made more apparent when Mr. Barnum confesses that the poor beast was captured in Senegambia in 1806 and has been a captive ever since. Mr. Barnum says he is perfectly willing to abide by the law, but, as during the sixty-five years incarceration the hyena has destroyed more than two dozen massive iron dens and killed twenty valuable animals, he prefers to have Mr. Bergh himself take the initiative of letting him loose in the rink. Perhaps there would be more cruelty in letting the hyena loose than in keeping him for another cycle in his den.

THE physicians of New York have set themselves about to perform a noble work—the blotting out of quackery and the practice of abortion. To accomplish this they have appealed to the Legislature for primary aid, but when that is obtained it will require the utmost vigilance and most rigid sternness to crush out the terrible evils against which war is made. Quackery in medicine prevails everywhere throughout the country and it would be well if all the bona fide physicians of the land would enter a crusade to wipe them out of practice, if not out of existence. Just in proportion as quackery is abolished will decrease the crime of abortion. No respectable physician, certainly no learned or conscientious one, engages in the horrible business, and money could not induce them to enter into it, so that in crushing quackery abortion also will receive its death blow.

MR. BUCKINGHAM, representing ten thousand of the most refined and respectable women in the country, has presented a petition against Woman's Suffrage, to the Senate of the United States. We have not the slightest doubt that this petition represents the better class of American women almost universally. We do not believe that even one out of every hundred desires the privilege of suffrage. And we believe that more than half firmly believe the whole movement to be a work of the evil one, on a level with Mormonism or Communism. Many of the most womanly of American ladies carry their abhorrence of unfeminine publicity to such an extent that they will not endeavor to prevent a few masculine women and a few not very masculine men from forcibly misrepresenting them. This is wrong. If these ladies wish to prevent the revolution which they dread, they should, not abandon their principles and contrary to their breeding and their traditions leave their homes for the public rostrum, but, by following the example of Mr. Buckingham's ten thousand constituents, draw up and circulate a remonstrance against the intrusive evil and send it to the legislative body with ten hundred thousand names attached. It would be better to sign their names to a public paper than to let the thing go by default and be forced into a position at once unsought and repulsive.

GIVES IT UP.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, a while ago fairly shrieked against the "outrageous monopoly of the Coal Kings of Pittsburgh." It only required the statement of a few facts to convince even it, that its outcry against our coal operators was an unfair one. We have succeeded, we think, in convincing every fair minded reader that the fault lies *wholly* at their own doors, and that the "Bears" of Cincinnati are alone responsible for the present high price of coal at Cincinnati. They refused to buy the last run of coal at *just* rates, hoping for an open river through the winter, whereby they would be enabled to control the prices, and buy their stocks, as usual, at a figure *below* the *actual cost* to the *producer*. They have failed, this time, and the result is before them. Coal, instead of being delivered to the consumers at eighteen cents a bushel, is now held at twenty-five, and they have themselves to blame—no one else. The *Commercial* at last admits that the "Coal Kings" are not wholly to blame. We wonder if it will continue to urge the building of that railroad to the coal regions, now that it has discovered that protection is needed against the *greedy selfishness of the Cincinnati coal dealers*. It says:

> The PITTSBURGH GAZETTE denies that it was loaded, primed, and touched off by the Coal King Ring of its town; and it is at pains to mention that the coal persons do not own or edit that paper. Exactly; and yet there is a moral subserviency of the press of Pittsburgh to the coal aristocracy that serves the purpose. The able editors are mesmerized, as it were, and construct their vigorous articles under the solemn influence that pervades that region of country. The GAZETTE says:
>
> "After the coal dealers of Cincinnati showed their penuriousness and obstinacy, as well as short-sightedness, by refusing to purchase our coal at fourteen cents per bushel, afloat, the 'syndicate' at which the *Commercial* is so exercised and displeased, at once, and justly, advanced the price to a figure justified by their recent outlays and losses. The Cincinnati consumers, we see by the quotations of the *Commercial*, are now obliged to pay twenty-two cents per bushel; whereas, had the dealers bought at the prices of the 'syndicate,' they could supply their customers at eighteen cents per bushel, and that price could have realized a greater profit than the Pittsburgh operator, not counting his losses by marine disasters at all. The *Commercial*, in common with all uninformed and wilfully blind people, attributes the high prices of coal at Cincinnati to the exorbitant demands of our Pittsburgh operators, and evades our argument, that at certain seasons of the year the Cincinnati dealers can fill up their yards at prices barely above the cost of the article to the operator."
>
> The *Commercial* does not evade your statements. We have reproduced them and called the attention of our coal dealers to them. We have not attempted to place the whole blame of the exorbitant price of coal upon the Pittsburgh dealers, but have attempted to parcel it out as it belonged. It is our desire that the Cincinnati dealers shall be subjected to the strongest light the facts will throw upon them.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The Boston correspondent of the *Christian Intelligencer* devotes a good deal space to the views of Rev. Dorus Clarke, D. D., who has just published a work entitled *Orthodox Congregationalism and the Sects*, in which the author attacks the paelatical views of the Episcopal Church, and argues that the Congregational body have, too, an "an historical continuity," and claims they are Apostolic and *the* Church. The doctor disposes of the Presbyterian and Methodist systems in the same summary way, and pronounces them "schismatics." The idea appears to be elaborated, that the special claims of the different denominations are all wrong, and that the Congregational body is right in every particular. People, however, do not all favor this one-sided view of the disciple of Plymouth Rock The doctor then attempts to show why the Puritan polity has not occupied the country as it should have done, although it had the start in the race of possession. The following reasons are given why the Methodists and Presbyterians have swiftly passed the Congregationalists, and now hold important strategic positions all over the continent. 1. The injudicious civil policy of the early settlers of New England. 2. The superior tact and supposed greater advantages of some of the other denominations. The Episcopalians, Methodists, Presbyterians and Baptists receive particular attention here. 3. Idiosyncrasies or traits of mind which more naturally affiliate with error than with truth. 4. Partial unsoundness of some Congregationalists (awakening suspicions, etc.) 5. Immigration (being favorable to other bodies). The doctor, as might be expected, is opposed to *Stated Councils*, like that recenly held at Oberlin. He gives, in the concluding chapter, four reasons for the promotion of "Orthodox Congregationalists," as follows: 1. Improvements in Worship; 2. Return to the Doctrinal Standards; 3. Frequent and effective Revivals of Religion; 4. Cultivation of the Highest Social Life.

The *Advance* commends the Methodists for the way in which the great questions that come up, before the meeting of the General Conference, are discussed in the "free parliament" of the newspapers. It is in error, however, by stating that the next session of that body is about a year hence. The next General Conference meets the first week in May, 1872, at Brooklyn, N. Y.

The constant harping of the Unitarian papers, "About Robert Collyer" of Chicago, is very generally condemned by the religious papers, and the verdict is that there must be a scarcity of interesting men in their ranks to need to say so much, week after week about one person, say interesting though he be.

Prof. Schaff, who was one of the deputation of the Evangelical Alliance, appointed to memorialize the Emperor of Russia in behalf of religious liberty, thinks there is good reason for believing that the telegram which reported they were "snubbed" by Prince Gortschakoff, was not written in St. Petersburgh at all, but in America, by unfriendly parties.

The American Board of Foreign Missions have appropriated four hundred and ten thousand dollars for its general work during 1872.

According to statistics just published, the number of Sunday school scholars in the Methodist Episcopal Church is about twelve hundred thousand, with two library books to a scholar, and the number of conversions the past year about forty thousand.

The Supreme Court of New York State, have just decided in the case of Rev. G. W. Condit, of the Reformed (Dutch) Church, the right of the Classis to dissolve the pastoral relation between the pastor and people when they deem the interests of the church require it, although one of the parties may be averse to such dissolution.

It is said the seating capacity of the Chicago churches, saved from the fire, are unable to accommodate the people, and they are generally crowded at every Sunday service.

The Presbyterian *Banner* contests the claim of the New York *Christian Observer*, as the "The Oldest and Best Religious and Secular Family Newspaper" and shows the *Banner* to be the oldest from the fact of it being the lineal representative of the *Recorder*, commenced in 1814, and argues that it is the oldest religious and secular family newspaper in the world.

Rev. W. M. Paxton, D. D., of New York, so long a resident of this city, is delivering to the students of Union Seminary a lectures on "Homiletics." They are very highly spoken of for their ability.

During the late visit of the Grand Duke Alexis to Philadelphia he visited the Methodist Fair, at Horticultural Hall, in aid of the Home for Aged and Infirm Methodists, and was received by Bishop Simpson, who, leading him to the stage, presented him with an afghan, and briefly addressed him most eloquently. The Grand Duke then made a round of the tables, and bought several articles. Bishop Simpson by special request of the Committee of Arrangements breakfasted with the Grand Duke at Belmont Mansion, Philadelphia.

The *Christian Register* says Miss Mary Graves, who will be ordained as minister over the Unitarian Society at Mansfield, was invited by the Baptist minister to take part in the services at the Baptist church in that town.

Rev. C. Benzing, pastor of the Second Reformed (German) Church, Cleveland, Ohio, has been suspended on the charge of attempting to carry over to the Presbyterian Church both his congregation and his church building

Four acres of ground have been donated at Bethlehem, Pa., to erect a hospital under the auspices of the new Episcopal Diocese of Central Pennsylvania.

The *Presbyterian* says the first and only German Episcopal Church in the United States was recently consecrated at Cleveland, Ohio.

The *Independent* urges the Presbyterians and Congregationalists that they must be willing to employ uneducated men in the ministry, if they wish to occupy all the field open to them.

AS TWO MEN named Taylor and Martin, employed in a foundry at Lynchburg, Va., last week were carrying some molten metal to be cast, one of them unfortunately slipped and fell. Portions of the metal were thrown on each of them, by which they were badly burned. Taylor had his pantaloons inside his boots, and the metal ran down his legs, producing dreadful burns, eating into the arteries and causing profuse hemorrhage.

BETHINK AND BELIEVE.

There is no doubt—there can be no doubt, that in the various investigations which science has made she has added to the trophies of the past, and what we see in material development is also going on in the other departments of life. Consumption, once the terror of the human family, is now partly shorn of those terrors. You can meet it at the threshold and dispute its invasion by that more than wonderful medicine, Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, which has done more for its cure than all the remedies that have preceded it. We read every week of cures that Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure has made. We see those on the streets in the full enjoyment of life, who once were apparently on their way to the "narrow house." Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure has again relit the lamp of life and sent these once suffering invalids on their way rejoicing. Price $1.50 per bottle or 4 bottles for $5 at 167 Liberty street.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
NEW GOODS: NEW GOODS.
FINE TOILET SETS,
FINE COLOGNES, every kind.
A NEW STOCK OF HAIR, TOOTH AND NAIL BRUSHES,
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
N. B.—Please call and examine this splendid stock of Toilet articles of every kind just received and for sale at the very lowest price, at
JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE AND TOILET ARTICLE DEPOT.
Where you get the very best quality of Drugs, Medicines and Toilet Articles of all kinds. Remember the place.
Corner of Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) street.

SHOCKS TO THE SYSTEM.
The first shock of winter tells tremendously upon enfeebled systems. Every one knows that in passing from a warm region to a cold one, or vice versa, the body requires as a protection against epidemics, an acclimating medicine. All travelers and voyagers admit this. It is equally necessary to acclimate the system in passing the confines of one season and entering upon another. Autumn is gone and winter is here. Prepare the frame and the constitution to meet the change by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This inestimable vegetable tonic increases the staminal strength of those who take it, and renders them proof to a great extent against the debilitating power of cold and damp. These two agents are as prolific of disease as tropical heat, and animal vigor—such vigor as this healthful and pure tonic diffuses through the whole organization—is a repellant which they cannot master. A large proportion of the colds, catarrhs, and pulmonary complaints which prevail in winter, might be avoided, by strengthening and regulating the system in advance with this invigorant and alterative. Not that it is recommended as a specific for those complaints, but as a preventive of their causes. On the other hand, it is not only a preventive of, but a specific for the indigestion, intestinal irregularities, malarious fevers, bilious attacks, and nervous affection, superinduced by a chilly and damp atmosphere.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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STEAM ENGINES,

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STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

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BOOTS, SHOES,

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For Winter Wear.

A full stock of all the latest styles and best makes, very cheap.

A FULL SELECTION OF

Ladies' and Misses'

WHITE SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

AS WELL AS

Gents' Fine Slippers,

JUST RECEIVED.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

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FOR 1872.

Over ONE HUNDRED PAGES—printed in TWO COLORS, on superb TINTED PAPER—FOUR HUNDRED ENGRAVINGS OF FLOWERS, PLANTS and VEGETABLES, with Descriptions, and TWO COLORED PLATES. Directions and Plans for making Walks, Lawns, Gardens, &c. The handsomest and best FLORAL GUIDE in the World. All for TEN CENTS to those who think of buying Seeds. Not a quarter the cost. 200,000 sold of 1871. Address

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Penn Avenue Stores.

Joseph Horne & Co.

FRESH AND CHOICE GOODS.

RARE BARGAINS

In Every Department.

Many Goods at Less Than Importers' Prices.

We would invite particular notice to our line of

HANDKERCHIEFS

Which for extent, variety and low price for quality, has not been equaled by any of our former sales.

Ladies' Hemmed and Hemstitched, Ladies' Embroidered, Initial, Sheer Lawn and Mourning Handkerchiefs, in every quality, running from 5 cents to $2 25 each.

All-Linen Hemstitched at 9 cents.

Extra Fine Quality at $3 per dozen.

Initial Handkerchiefs in Fancy Boxes, one-half dozen each, all letters.

In Real Lace Handkerchiefs we have just opened an extra fine assortment. Point, Gauze, Applique, Duchess, Honiton, Valenciennes and Imitation Val. and Duchess Lace Handkerchiefs from 25 cents and upward.

Children's Handkerchiefs,

A Large Assortment in every quality.

The Largest and Finest selection of

Rich Real Lace Goods,

TO BE HAD ANYWHERE,

CONSISTING OF

Laces, Flouncings, Edgings,
New Shapes Collars and Collarettes,
Berthas, Barbes, Fan Covers,
Lama Lace Points, and one

Applique Polonaise Robe,

With Over Dress and Court Train Complete.

EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS IN

IMITATION LACE, COLLARS, COLLARETTES AND SETTS,

At 25 Cents and Up.

LINEN SETTS,

In Single Boxes, Lace Trimmed, Embroidered and Braided. We offer an unsurpassed line of these Goods at 65 cents and upward.

Lace Tidies, Stand Covers,

Wall Screens, Lamp Mats,

Infants' Lace and Embr'd Caps,

Robes and Waists,

Damask and Huck Towels.

Napkins, Doilies and

Damask Table Linens.

Full Size Damask Towels

AT $3 PER DOZEN—VERY CHEAP.

KID GLOVES

Best Bargains of the Season.

60 Doz. Two-Button, at $1 per pair

50 Doz. Real Kid, at $1 25 per pair

Cloth, Berlin and Fur Top Gloves,

For Ladies' and Children in Great Variety.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ladies' Underwear,

IN MUSLIN, CAMBRIC, LINEN & MERINO.

DRAWERS AND VESTS

EVERY QUALITY.

Chemise Night Dresses, Drawers,
Skirts, Dressing Sacques,
Lace Trimmed and Embroidered Bridal Setts,

All at Very Low Prices.

White and Colored Merino Skirts, at $1.00.

FELT SKIRTS.

Stamped, Embossed, Braided and Velvet Trimmed.

HOSIERY.

Plain and Fancy, every grade, style and quality, for Ladies, Misses and Children at reduced figures.

Slipper Patterns,
Ottoman Covers,
Chair Strips, &c.

Ladies' Scarfs and Ties.

Now open, the most complete assortment of Scarfs and Tidies, in the city.

Fringe and Silk Scarfs at 50c., all colors.

Gros Grain and Taffeta Ribbons.

ALL THE NEW SHADES.

FEATHERS.

Ostrich Plumes, Tips,
Fancy Feathers, Algrettes, &c.

LADIES' CLOAKS AND SACQUES.

The Latest London and Paris Novelties of Velvet and Cloth Cloaks, Embroidered and Braided House Jackets, will be sold at cost to close the season.

We would also call attention to and invite an examination of our stock of

Black Dress Silks.

A new assortments of Bonnet, Tellilards, the Golden Wheel, and other approved makes, ranging in price from $1 25 to $7.50 per yard.

NOVELTIES.

In Ladies' Fine Shell and Pearl Portmonnaies.
Real Russia Leather Portmonnaies and Satchels.
Fancy Brushes.
Jet and Shell Jewelry.
Fine Carved and Spangled Pearl and Ivory Fans, very handsome for a Christmas Present.

GENTLEMEN'S

Furnishing Department.

Velveteen and Cloth House and Smoking Jackets, Robes de Chambre, Cardigan Jackets.
Kid, Dog-skin, Buck, Calf and Castor Plush Lined and Plain Gloves.
Fancy Scarfs, Ties, Cravats, Fancy Mufflers.
Cashmere, Merino and Shaker Half Hose.
Underwear, White, Clouded and Scarlet, every grade, in great variety.

SILK UMBRELLAS.

All at Very Lowest Prices.

Strangers and Customers are respectfully invited to call and examine.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

At 10 Cents Per Yard.

At 6¼ and 8½c. Good Fast Colored Prints.
At 12½c., Plaid Delaines, good styles, best cloths.
At 12½c., Bookfold Barred Flannels.
At 12½c., Plain Gray Carpet.
At 25c., Heavy Twilled Gray Flannels.
At 20c., Tycoon Reps for Wrappers.
At 25c., Heavy Double Warp Poplins, extra good.
At 25c., Fine Striped Poplins, a decided bargain.
At 25c., Fine French Chintzes, beautiful styles.
At 37½c., Satins Cloths, all the new winter shades, a great bargain.
At 60c., Japanese Silks, Plaid and Striped.
At 90c., Black Waterproof Cloths, an extra bargain.
At 50c., Men's Shetland Shirts and Drawers,
At 50 and 60c., All Wool Shoulder Shawls.
At $1 and $1.25, Balmoral Skirts, extra heavy.
At $1 50 and $2, All Wool Felt Skirts, Printed and Embossed Borders.
At $2, Fine Felt Skirts, Velvet Trimmed.

EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS IN

DRESS PLAIDS,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

CLEARING OUT

SALE

AT

Auction Prices.

MOORHOUSE

& CARSTEN,

Will offer, from and after this day, the balance of their stock of

Autumn and Winter

DRESS GOODS, &c.

At Prices to meet the wants of the Popular Trade.

Black Alpacas,	Velvet Cloaks,
Pure Mohairs,	Velveteen Cloaks,
Henrietta Cloth,	Braided do.,
Cashmeres,	Talmas, Talmas,
Merinos,	Ottoman Shawls.

They also offer at reduced prices the entire stock of Velvets, Black Silks, Velveteens, Wool Shawls, Blankets, Flannels, Cloths, Cassimeres; in fact all stock distinctively

AUTUMN AND WINTER GOODS,

It being their determination that prices shall be made, having in view an immediate clearing out of every lot. Orders promptly attended to.

Moorhouse & Carsten,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

de4 PITTSBURGH, PA.

CLOSING OUT

SALE

OF

BOOTS

AND

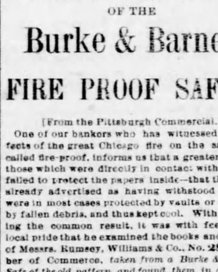
SHOES,

AT

F. A. KONOLD & CO.,

19 Fifth Avenue.

This entire stock must be closed out by the first of January. de9:24



STEAM HEATING

BY

High or Low Pressure.

Estimates furnished on application. Send for Pamphlet, with references, to

GEO. W. BLAKE,

215 Centre Street, New York.

oct8:d3m

HOLIDAYSBURG (PA.) SEMINARY.

REV. JOSEPH WAUGH, Principal.

Successful, Thorough, Healthful, Economical.

SPECIAL advantages: *No coal smoke nor oil lamps;* Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus; proximity to various Churches; Gymnasium, ample Grounds, beautiful Scenery; Pure Mountain Water. Music under Prof. Lippert. no27:33

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

At $1.50, Colored Dress Silks—New Winter and Evening shades—a great bargain.

At $3 and $6.50, Silk Cloaking Velvets—best bargains of the season.

Black Dress Silks,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

PLAIDS!

PLAIDS!

PLAIDS!

Light, Bright, Medium and Dark Plaids, beautiful styles, make the Cheapest, Richest and most durable Dress for Ladies', Misses or Children's Wear.

English Satins & Serges,

ALL COLORS.

Waterproof and Cloaking Cloths.

A choice stock of all kinds of

Shawls and Cloaks,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

"Absolutely the Best Protection Against Fire."

OVER ONE THOUSAND

Actual Fires Put Out With It!

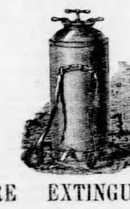
MORE THAN

$8,000,000.00

worth of property saved from the flames!

THE

BABCOCK



FIRE EXTINGUISHER

F. W. FARWELL, Sec'y,

656 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

In daily use by the Fire Departments of the principal cities of the Union.

The Government has adopted it. The leading Railways use it. Insurance Companies reduce rates where it is introduced.

☞ SEND FOR "ITS RECORD."

GEO. T. CARTER & CO.

General Agents,

67 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

no23 f44

CHICAGO AND WHEELING.

Additional Testimony

OF THE

EXCELLENT QUALITIES

OF THE

Burke & Barnes'

FIRE PROOF SAFES.

[From the Pittsburgh Commercial.]

One of our bankers who has witnessed the effects of the great Chicago fire on the safes, so-called fire-proof, informs us that a great many of those which were directly in the fire failed to protect the papers inside—that the safes already advertised as having withstood the fire were in most cases protected by vaults or covered by fallen debris, and thus kept cool. With this before us, the common result was with feelings of local pride that he examined the books and papers of Messrs. Rumsey, Williams & Co., No. 28 Chamber of Commerce, *taken from a Burke & Barnes' Safe of the old pattern, and found them in a state of PERFECT PRESERVATION, though fully exposed to the flames, while expensive Eastern and Cincinnati safes turned out their contents charred and unrecognizable.* There is no reason why our city builders cannot make as good safes and better than those put up elsewhere, and thus assist, as they should, in keeping that our merchants should go to other cities for their safes.

ANOTHER BLAST FOR THE BURKE AND BARNES' SAFES.

It is not alone in Chicago these safes have so frequently been in actual conflagration and proved themselves to be *fire proof* in every particular, as will be seen by the following:

OFFICE OF
WHEELING IRON NAIL CO.,
Wheeling, W. Va., October 31, 1871.
Messrs. Burke & Barnes, Pittsburgh, Pa.:

GENTLEMEN—This will certify that we had in our office when it was burned on the 3d of September last, one of your fire proof safes, and we are gratified to say that the safe proved satisfactory in preserving our books and papers as fully as could be expected under the circumstances.

Yours respectfully,
C. D. HUBBARD, Sec'y.

OFFICE AND WORKS
OF THE
BURKE AND BARNES'
Fire and Thief Proof Safes,
129 AND 131 THIRD AVE.,
PITTSBURGH.

no18:ttfths

The Triumph

COOKING STOVES.

THE

Triumph and Jackson

COOK STOVES,

Used by thousands of housekeepers. There are no better operating or more substantial Cooking Stoves in the market. Warranted to Bake or Roast as well as any other make. For sale by dealers generally and manufactured by

BISSELL & CO.,

235 Liberty Street.

BAGS.

Cotton Seamless Bags have advanced, but being fortunate enough to have a large stock (about 11,000) on hand, we are selling them at the old prices. We manufacture a Bag called the Philadelphia, a Bag which is equal, if not superior, to any in the market. Of them we have three sizes, 2, 2½ and 3 bushels.

We also manufacture Paper Bags, Ropes and Twines.

JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.,

347 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; N. E. corner Market and Water Streets, Philadelphia.

Lacock, Hawthorn & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window Caps, Ventilators, &c., &c. Contracts taken in any part of the country for Tin Roofing, Cornices, Copper or Sheet Iron work.

No. 47 PERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

FANCY GOODS

For the Holidays.

A Great Variety at Very Low Prices.

Embroidered Slipper Patterns,

OTTOMAN & CUSHION COVERS.

Furs! Furs! Furs!

HATS AND BONNETS,

Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes,

MANTILLA VELVETS,

Trimming Velvets,
Terry Velvets,
Velveteens, Plushes,

TRIMMING SILKS AND SATINS,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

GRATES.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

WELLMAN PATENT

Reflector Stoves

AND

GRATES,

KELL'S PATENT

IRON HEARTH,

The Anchor Sad Iron,

FIRE IRON STANDS, &C.

The Reflector is the best and Cleanest Grate in existence. It consumes less fuel and produces more heat than any other. We challenge a trial.

The Iron Hearth Will be found more desirable and cheaper than either Marble or Brick.

THE GREAT REPUTATION OF THE

Anchor Sad Iron Has induced many parties to adopt our style with the intention of deceiving the public. We caution our customers and the public generally against this fraud.

Our Irons are all PLANED and bear the ANCHOR (our Trade Mark) on the upper side.

Samples of the Grates may be seen at BARNES', corner Third avenue and Market street. GOODWINS, 66 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the

WEST POINT FOUNDRY,

Cor. Duquesne Way and Water Street,

se23:d&f PITTSBURGH.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR

To its Natural Vitality and Color.

Advancing years, sickness, care, dissipation, anxiety, and hereditary predisposition, all bring the hair gray; either of them is sufficient to fall off prematurely, and either effect is unsightly and unpleasant to behold. Dr. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR sometimes reproduces lost hair; and always restores to faded and gray hair its natural color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. The comparatively few bald and gray heads, that we now see, are those who have not yet discovered the virtues of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR for renewing the hair. The fresh and youthful hair we see on older heads is often the product of his art. If you are bald, or made old, sunsere and ugly, by gray hair, restore its youthful color, and with it your features to their original softness and agreeableness.

As an elegant dressing for beautifying the Hair it has no superior.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

AND SOLD ALL ROUND THE WORLD.

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,

ap27:TuS-T WHOLESALE AGENTS.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

Carpets! Carpets!

A LARGE STOCK OF

Tapestry and Body Brussels

FOR PARLORS, HALL AND OFFICES.

TAPESTRY INGRAINS,

Two and Three Ply Ingrains, Hemp Carpets, Rugs and Mattings.

COCOA MATTING,

In all width, for Churches and Public Halls all of which we offer at Popular Prices.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 Fifth Avenue,

se23 PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARPETS.

November, 1871.

NEW SALESROOM

On First Floor,

NOW OPEN

AND

Full of New Goods,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

M'Farland & Collins

71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,

not Next to Custom House and Postoffice.

CARPETS.

New Fall Stock.

I have now on hand a complete assortment of every description of

CARPETING

The very latest designs and new styles of coloring admirably suited to the FALL SEASON.

Druggets, Carpet Lining, &c., &c.

HENRY M'CALLUM,

(LATE M'CALLUM BROS.)

51 Fifth Avenue,

se12 ABOVE WOOD STREET.

CARPETS

Will Advance Much More when Fall Trade Opens!

Take Time by the Forelock and make your Purchases now!

FINE ASSORTMENT OF

ENGLISH BRUSSELS & TAPESTRIES

Of our own importation, just opened.

FULL LINES OF

Domestic Carpets,

OIL CLOTHS,

MATTINGS, &c.,

All purchased at old rates and selling much below the prices that will rule this Fall.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK

& COMPANY.

au31

Notice to Property Owners.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, }
PITTSBURGH, November 29, 1871. }

All persons owning property in the Twelfth (12th) ward, also property lying between the eastern line of said Twelfth ward and Thirty-third (late Boundary) street are required to bear the deeds of their property at this office for the purpose of having them registered in accordance with Section 4 of an act of Assembly entitled "An act providing for the registry of lots in the city of Pittsburgh."

SECTION 4. It shall be the duty of all owners of houses and lots, or tracts of ground, to furnish forthwith descriptions of their property to the Engineer, to aid him in making up his book of plans, and whenever such descriptions shall have been furnished, and the certificate of the Engineer and his assistant shall be received, no property so returned shall be subject to sale for taxes or municipal claims thereafter to accrue as lien of record thereon, except as in the name of the owner returned; and after recovery of suit and service of writ on him, in the case of a non-resident, or *mons scire facias* or other appropriate writ, should this be neglected or omitted, or not complied with as promptly as may be deemed necessary to insure the early completion of the plans; then after one month's notice by public advertisement in the official papers of the city to the owners of real estate in said city not registered, and a written or printed notice shall have been served on the owner or owners, or delivered upon the property, should they fail to have such record made, then and in that case they shall be subject to a fine of five dollars for each month of such neglect, dating from the termination of said advertisement, and in case the same be neglected for the space of six months, a lien for the accumulated fines and costs shall be filed and collected as municipal claims are now or may be hereafter by law collected, the said fines to be paid into the city treasury; the notice to parties failing to register property may be given so as to embrace the property of any particular ward or section, or any number of wards in the city at large, at the discretion of the said City Engineer. H. GROSS,
City Engineer.

DR. WHITTIER

296 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA

A regular Graduate of Medicine, as his Diploma at office shows, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Venereal, Seminal and Private Diseases than any other Physician in Pittsburgh.

Syphilis, Stricture, Orchitis, Blotches, Ulcers, Seminal Emissions, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones are treated with unparalleled success.

Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency the result of self abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, which produce some of the following effects, viz: Nervousness, Debility, Dizziness, Dimness of sight, Confusion of ideas, Evil forebodings, Aversion to society, Loss of memory, Aversion to study, rendering marriage improper and life miserable, are permanently cured. Sealed pamphlet relating to the above sent for two stamps. Correspondence confidential; consultation free. Cure in every case guaranteed. Dr. Whittier is a regular graduate of one of the oldest colleges in the country, and has had every year more than double the practice of any other physician in the city. Many years' experience in the treatment of these diseases enables him to guarantee a speedy and permanent cure in every case he undertakes. Persons at a distance may be cured at home by addressing him. Medicines sent everywhere.

Office Hours, 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays, 1 to 4 P. M.

MANHOOD! WOMANHOOD!

"Books for the million!" Who may benefit, who not, Why? Impediments, causes and cure. Every father, mother, young man and young woman should read. 100 pages. Sent in SEALED ENVELOPE, 25 cents each; both for 25 cents. Address, DR. WHITTIER, 296 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BAILEY & C

Chestnut & 12th Sts.,

PHILADELPHIA,

Jewelers and Silversmiths.

FINE WATCHES,
FRENCH CLOCKS,
BRONZES,
PLATED WARE.

Quality Guaranteed.

Goods sent by Express on approval.

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities,
COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS
On Most Favorable Terms.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
Money loaned on Government Bonds at low rate. Stocks bought and sold on commission. Special attention given to the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

Finance and Trade.
OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, December 15, 1871.
The failure of another national bank in New York is announced. This was the Eighth National, which had a capital of $250,000 and deposits over $1,000,000. It is reported that this, as well as the Ocean Bank, is a bad failure, and that they will not pay over 50c. some put it as low as 25c. on the dollar. Of course the circulation is perfectly good, being secured by United States bonds in excess of the amount issued.
The amount of grain in store in Chicago, on Monday morning last, compares with one week preceding as follows:

	Dec 11, 1871.	Dec 4, 1871.
Wheat, bush	1,011,895	897,245
Corn, bush	1,346,913	1,261,359
Oats, bush	511,863	366,599
Rye, bush	285,118	288,316
Barley, bush	142,440	127,667

The earnings of fourteen of the western railroads for the month of November, as compiled be the New York Bulletin, compare with November, 1870, as follows:

	1871.	1870.
Chicago & Alton	$ 463,658	$ 441,972
Central Ohio	388,852	277,513
Cleveland, Col. Cin. & Ind	340 625	323 311
Illinois Central	719,400	611,267
Lake Shore & Mich South	1,333,455	1,255,072
Marietta & Cincinnati	172,867	144,723
Milwaukee & St. Paul	644,625	570,104
Pacific of Missouri	*329,000	323,400
St. Louis A. & T. for Haute	*52,515	152 913
St Louis & Iron Mountain	151,427	125,347
Toledo, Wabash & West	534,150	425,987
Union Pacific	723,000	570,000
Michigan Central	453,500	453,875
Western Union	70,080	66,617
Total	$7,982,581	$6,669,213
Increase	390,499	

*Estimated for fourth week 1.71.
Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	109½	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'65	113¾
U. S. 6-20s '62	112¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'67	115¾
U. S. 5-20s '62	110¼	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'68	109¾
U. S. 5-20s '64	111¾	C. P. R. R.	
U. S. 5-20s '65	111¾	C. P. R. R.	
U. S. 10-40s	109¾	Cr. Pacifics	

NEW YORK, December 15, 1871.
Gold dull and weak, opening 109¾@109¾, closing 109¾@109¼. Loans mostly at 5@7 gold for carrying. One small lot was loaned at 1-32 for carrying. Clearances about forty-one millions. Governments dull and strong. The new fives have advanced to par in gold in London. Stocks strong and active up to 3 P. M., when a stringency in the money market caused a decline of about ¼. Lake Shore was a feature in the market, but closed heavy with considerable pressure to sell. Money very stringent; as high as ¾ has been paid until to-morrow. Southern State securities on the cash call were dull, with a decline in new North Carolinas.
Sterling Exchange 109¾.
GOVERNMENTS—Coupons, 1881, 117¾; 5-20's '62, 110¾; do. '64, 110¾; do. '65, 111¾; new do. '65, 111¾; do. '67, 111¾; do. '68, 109¾; 10-40's, 109¼; new 5's 113¾.
STATE BONDS—Mississippi, 68; Tennessee, old 66; new 64½; Virginia, new 67; old 61; North Carolina, old 34; new 19.
MISCELLANEOUS—Western Union Telegraph, 70¾; Quicksilver, 24; Adams Express, 59; Wells-Fargo do, 57¾; American Merchants Union do, 38; Pacific Mail S. S. Co., 54½; New York Central, 92¾; Scrip, 88¾; Erie, 31¾; do preferred 61; Harlem, 120½; do preferred, 128; Reading, 94¾; Michigan Central, 113; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 125¾; Northwestern, 61; do preferred, 85¾; ex-dividend; Rock Island, 102; New Jersey Central, 94; Illinois Central, 130; Pacific of Missouri, 34; Wabash, 61¾; do preferred, 84; Ft. Wayne, 98¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 30; Indiana, 49; Chicago & Alton, 116; do preferred, 120; Ohio and Mississippi, 41¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 96; Burlington and Quincy, 120; Lake Shore, 89¾; Panama, 185; Illinois Central, 133; Union Pacific, 36¾; Central Pacific bonds, 103¾; Union, 90¾.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.
OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, December 15, 1871.
ASHES 8 cts Ash. 4 cts for common and 6@6¼ for refined. Pearls, 11 cts; Pots, 10. Nitrate Soda, 5 cts.
APPLES—With diminished receipts and a steady demand, prices are still tending upward; sales at $2.50@3.00 for common to good and $3.50@4.00 for prime to choice.
BUTTER—The market for grass is in good demand, and we are reported sales of prime to choice roll at 25@28. Common and medium may be quoted at 15@20, and inferior at 8@10.
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales, in a jobbing way, at 4½ cts per lb, or $9 per bbl.
BROOM CORN—Is reported very quiet, but not withstanding, the demand is very light, prices are not quotably lower.
BEANS—Quiet and unchanged; $2@2.50 per bushel, for common to prime navy.
BEESWAX—There is no stock in this market in hands of commission men.
CHEESE—Louisville, 22@23.00 per bbl; Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25@4.50.
CORN MEAL—Sales of small lots at 85@90 cts per bushel.
CRANBERRIES—Sales of good to choice Jersey sell varied at $12@14 per bbl.
CIDER—Sales at $8@9 per bbl, according to quality and size of barrel.
CHEESE—Prime New York Goshen, 15½@16; prime Ohio Goshen, 15@15½; Factory, 14@14½; Light, 13@13½.
CARBON OIL—Is weaker, in sympathy with crude, but, as yet, there is no quotable change in prices; 26@27 cts for standard brands, in car load lots.
DRESSED HOG—Packers are paying 4¾@5 cents gross, in a jobbing way, at this.
DRIED FRUIT—Peaches in good supply and quiet though unchanged, 10@10½ for halves, 9@9½ for quarters and 7@7½ for eighths. Apples—6@6¾ for common to fair and 8@8½ for prime to choice.
EGGS—Fresh eggs continue very scarce and prices have still further advanced; we hear of sales to-day at 35@38. Packed eggs, 25@30, as to quality.
FEATHERS—No. 1 live geese feathers, 75@77 cts to store; Western, 68@70 in a retail way. Mixed stock quoted at 60@70 cts, according to quality.
FLOUR—Is firmer, and the stock in this market is very much reduced, but, as yet, there is no quotable decline in prices. Good spring extras, $7.25@7.50; choice Minnesota baker's flour, $7.75; good to choice red winter wheat, $7.50@7.75. Rye Flour, $5.50. The supply of Minnesota flour is unusually light, and dealers, for some time past, have experienced great difficulty in filling orders.
GRAIN—The arrivals of Wheat continue meagre, and with a steady demand prices are firm though not quotably higher: fair to prime red, $1.45@1.48 and choice, $1.50—white, $1.55 cts more. Red sells more readily than white at quotations. Oats continue very dull; the offerings are large for the season and there does not seem to be an ordinary demand. Quotations may be 43@45 for sound and 41@46 for mixed to prime white by the car load. Ear Corn continues very scarce, and there is considerable inquiry every day, however, for small lots; we can report sales in a jobbing way at 62@65, husk and snapped shelled, at present, is worth but little if any more than ear. It is expected that the receipts within the next week or two will be liberal as a large number of sacks have been sent out recently, but so long as navigation is suspended there is no probability of a glut. The arrivals and offerings of Rye continue very meagre, but the demand does not seem to be urgent; however, there would be no difficulty in realizing 90 cts. Barley is still reported very dull and it is not likely that there will be any improvement in the demand until next month. Prices, however, are nominally unchanged.
GROCERIES—Trade, so far as our market is concerned, is generally reported dull, and furthermore, no immediate improvement is anticipated. Business is also reported very dull in the east. Coffee is firmer—a slight advance reported in New York. Sugar unchanged. Molasses, reported firmer in the east, but unchanged here. Prime new crop. Rice steady but unchanged.
SUGARS—Unsettled—Standard Hards, 13¼; A. 12¾; B. 12¾; Ex. C. 12¾; C. Yellow, 12¼. Porto Rico Sugars—Choice, 11½; Prime, 11; Good, 10½. Cuba Sugars, 10¾@11. Louisiana, 12¾@13¼. Sugar House Sugars—Knight's Extra C. Yellow, 11¾; C. C. 11¼; other grades, 9@11. Coffee—Fancy, 20c; Choice, 19c; Good, 18c; Fair, 17@17½c. Java, 28@30. Laguayra, 25@26. Mocha, 30. Roasted Coffee, pure, 28. Lower grades, 24@25.
SYRUPS—Havemyer & Elder's, 68. White Honey, 68 cts. Sovereign's, 60. Durant's, 68. Sugar Drips, 70. Golden, 60; other grades, 48@50. New Orleans Molasses, old, 60@65. New crop, 55@60.
RICE—Choice Carolina, 10; Good, 9¾; Fair, 9. Rangoon, 8. Patna, 8¾.
SPICES—Pepper, 24. Allspice, 18. Cassia, 5. Cloves, 28. Nutmegs, $1.40.
HAY—The stock in this market at present is very much reduced and the arrivals continue light. We advance our quotations to $28@35 for fair to prime baled, in a jobbing way.
HIDES—Quiet at 7½@8 cts.
HONEY—Sales at 25@30 cts.
HEMP—Kentucky rough, $165 per ton; single dressed, $240; scutched, $190@195.
HOMINY—Sales at $5 per bbl to the trade and $4.50@5 in jobbing way.
LARD OIL—No. 1 extra, 88@85; No. 2, 80@ 60. Cincinnati and Chicago winter strained, 90.
LIME—Perrysburg white, $2.00@2.25 per bbl; Cleveland $2.25; Eastern, $1.75.
MILK FEED—Sales at 12½@13 cts, unchanged. Sales, in a jobbing way, at $21@22 per ton for Bran; $25@27 for Seconds; $34@36 for Middlings, and $40@45 for Mixed.
NUTS—Chestnuts dull and lower; sales to the trade at $2.50—small lots $3. Walnuts dull, $2@3 per bushel. Shellbarks nominal at $1.40@1.50.
ONIONS—Dull but unchanged; common receipts, $3.50@4.00; choice Skins, $3.25@3.50.
PROVISIONS—Plain Bacon Shoulders, 7¾; ribbed sides, 8; short-ribbed sides, 8¾; clear sides, 9; sugar cured shoulders, 9; sugar cured hams, 14½. Lard: in tes, 9¾@10 cts. Mess Pork, $14. Breakfast Bacon, 10. Dried Beef, 16.
POULTRY—Dull but unchanged: Dressed Chickens, 11@12c; Live do, 9@10c; Ducks, 12@ 14, according to quality and condition.
POTATOES—The supply is very light and prices are up. Early Rose, 65@70 cts per bush; 80 cts per bushel; prime Lake Shore Peach Blows, $1. Prime fresh Jersey Sweets, $4.25@ 4.50 per bbl.
RAGS—Sales, 4¼@4½ cts per lb.
SALT—Is quoted at $1.85 per bbl, by the car load, and $2 in a jobbing way.
SEEDS—The market for Clover Seed is quiet, but as expected in this month, there will be considerable inquiry next month; we continue to quote at $6.00@6.25 buying, and $6.50@6.75 selling. Timothy, unchanged, at $3.00@3.50. Flaxseed is in steady demand at $1.80.
SHAKER CORN—13@14 cts per lb.
SUMAC—Commonwe is quoted at 4½ cts per lb, or $90 per ton.
TURNIPS—Very dull; quoted nominally at 75@90 cts per bushel.
WILLOWS—Stock almost used up, with none to come in until new crop; selling freely at 10c.

PETROLEUM MARKET.
OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, December 15, 1871.
Refined is weak, and as compared with yesterday, prices are lower; sale, early in the day, of 2,500 bbls December, at 21¾; subsequently, 21¾ was the best bid; sales were made yesterday at 23, and on Wednesday, at 22¾, showing a decline of ¼@¾ cts of cent within that time. Crude—spot or seller December, 10¾@10¾; Parker, prompt shipment, $3.80; all the month, $3.75. Considerable complaint is being made here about the difficulty experienced in getting oil shipped promptly at Parker; where the fault lies, we are unable to state, but there is a screw loose somewhere.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.
Peerless & W, account B S Duncan 80
Sunbeam & W, account W Phillips 342
Sunbeam & W, account Wm Stewart 154
Riverside & W, account Parker & T 427
Citizens O W, account Parker & T 83
Total 1,614
OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & W. P. R. R. December, 14.
Lockhart, F & Co., 616 bbls re., oil to Warden, F & Co., Phila.
Standard Oil Co., 99 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
National Oil., 207 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Forsyth, Bro, 193 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F & Co., Philadelphia.
Montzheimer, K & Co. 562 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Braun & Wagner, 150 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Phila.
Citizens Oil Co. 206 bbls refined oil to Tack, Bros & Co., Phila.
Lee, McKelvy & Co. 262 bbls refined oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Philadelphia.
Leo Openheim, 193 bbls, ref. to Manhattan Oil Co., N. Y.
Total ..... 2,417 bbls.
OIL SHIPPED PER W. NEST PENN R. R.
Kirkpatrick & L., 48 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.
Mentzer & Co., 89 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro & Co., Phila.
Holdship & Co., 50 bbls ref oil to Dale & Hart, York, Pa.
Total ..... 187 bbls.
[By P. & A. Telegraph.]
PHILADELPHIA, December 15, 12:45 P. M.—December 22c; January to March 23½c; crude 13c.
2 P. M.—December 21¼c; January and March 22½c; January and June 23½c; crude 11¾c.
NEW YORK, December 15, 12 M.—Market very quiet and nothing at all doing; spot offered at 23¼c, with no takers. Crude remains dull and easier; spot offered at 13¼c; we hear of no transactions.
3 P. M.—Market very dull and a little easier; reported resale of 1,000 bbls; contract at 23½c. Crude very quiet; we hear of no transactions; spot freely offered at 13¼c, with no takers.
PLEASANTVILLE, December 15, 11 A. M.—Market quiet and firm at $4.60.
ROUSSVILLE, December 15, 11 A. M.—Market firm and quiet at $4.50. No change.
OIL CITY, December 15, 11:30 A. M.—Market quiet and firm at $4.50@4.55.

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.
OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, December 15, 1871.
The market for pig iron has been more active this week, the sales being unusually large, and, while prices are stiffened, there has been no further advance. The arrivals, by rail, within the past few days, have been larger than usual, but there is no accumulation of stock, as the great proportion of that now coming forward is being placed on former contracts. The suspension of navigation has shut off supplies from the down river furnaces, and, in consequence, consumers are dependent mainly on the furnaces in the Shenango and Mahoning valleys and those in the eastern part of the State. In regard to the future of the market, operators, as might be expected, conflict considerably in their views; however, it is generally conceded that there will be no decline within the next six months; manufacturers are evidently impressed with this conviction, otherwise they would not buy so largely ahead at present prices.
In regard to manufactured iron, the situation is substantially unchanged. Orders are reported as falling off somewhat, but this is usually the case at this particular time, and, besides, manufacturers generally are not very solicitous for orders at the prices.
Nails continue in good demand, compared with mill irons, but there is no change in prices.
Irons quiet, but holders are expecting an early improvement in the demand, in consequence of the advance in Norway and Swede irons.

ANTHRACITE.

300 tons No. 1 Gray Forge, delivered	$39 00 cash
200 " Ex Gray Forge fav brand	40 00 4 m s
110 " A No. 1 Foundry Iron	42 50 4 mos
100 " No. 1 Foundry	41 00 4 mos
50 " No. 1 Foundry	40 50 4 mos
1000 " Gray Forge for January, Feb. and March delivery.	39 50 4 mos

HANGING ROCK.

50 tons No. 1	$44 00 4 mos

LAKE SUPERIOR CHARCOAL.

90 tons Gray Forge	$40 00 cash

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

100 tons Mill, to arrive	$40 00 4 mos
400 " Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
100 " Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
100 " Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
250 " Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
250 " Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
250 " Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
500 " No. 1 Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
500 " No. 1 Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
500 " No. 1 Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
100 " No. 1 Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
100 " No. 1 Mill, to arrive	40 00 4 mos
100 " No. 1 Mill, to arrive	45 00 4 mos

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.
PITTSBURGH, F. W. & C. R. R.

cars.	cars.
Lewis, B & D. metal 4	Hallman & H. metal 7
Graff, B & Co., metal 2	J W Porter, manst... 5
Lewis, O & T. metal 4	Superior Mills metal 2
Spang, C & Co., met. 2	Zug & Co., metal 2
Rogers & Bro., ore 2	Meredith, T & Co., m 2
Nimick & Co. metal 15	
Total 48	

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

Spang, C & Co. met. 2	Park, Bro & Co. cre. 2
Graff, B & Co., metal 1	Moorhead & Co., o... 2
Shoenberger, H & C 9	Hussey, G & Co., ore 1
M'Knight, P & Co. o. 3	Wilson, G & Co., o... 3
Pitts Bolt Co. ore .. 1	Coleman, H & Co., ore 1
Total	25

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

J W Porter, metal	Nimick & Co. metal. 1
Moorhead, metal. 5	H. Winter, metal.
Bryan & Caughey, m 4	Jones & L., metal. 1
Lloyd & Black, met. 2	J Wood & Co. metal. 1
Total	23

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

Lewis, O & P metal 1	J Moorhead, metal. 2
Rees, G & Co, metal 1	
Total	4

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.
Foreign Markets.
LONDON, December 15, 5 P. M.—Consols; money 92¾; account 92¾; 5-20s '65, 93¾; do '67, 91¾, ex interest; 10-40s 91¾. Crude petroleum 15s@15s.
PARIS, December 15.—Specie in Bank of France increased 4,350,000 francs. Rentes 57f 5c.
LIVERPOOL, December 15.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 10½; advices from Manchester are less favorable, which causes dullness. Red Winter wheat 15d@15d 2d. Flour 25s@28s. Mess pork 83s. Lard 45s 3d.
New York.
NEW YORK, December 15.—Cotton weak and lower; middling 19¾c. Flour dull and holders are anxious to sell; superfine western and State $5.85@6.25; common to good $6.40@6.55; fancy do $6.60@6.75; extra western $6.80@7.30; white wheat extra $7.05@7.25. St. Louis $6.80@9.25. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Whisky dull at 95c. Wheat dull and declined; spring No 2 $1.30@1.34; winter red western $1.57@1.60; amber $1.62@1.65; white $1.65@1.77. Rye unchanged. Barley heavy; western 80@85. Malt unchanged. Corn firm; new western mixed afloat 77¾@78c; old in store 77¾c; afloat 79c. Oats dull and heavy; western and Ohio 55½@56c. No. Hay and hops are unchanged. Eggs firm at 30@33c. Coffee dull; demand fair and market firm; Rio 19@20½c. Sugar firm, with fair to good refining at 9¾@9¾c; Cuba 8¾@9¾c. Molasses firm; New Orleans 48@50c. Rice firm at 8¾@ 9c. Petroleum: crude 12¾@13¾c; refined 23¾c. Turpentine unchanged. Pork steady; mess $13.50@14.75. Lard dull; steam 14@14¼c. Beef and Cut Meats dull and unchanged. Middles steady; long clear 7¾@7¾c; short 7¾ @8c. Lard dull; No. 2 prime steam 14¾@14¾c; prime kettle rendered 14¾c; December 14¾c; January 14¾c; March 15¼c. Butter steady; western 11@23c; State 22@33c. Cheese dull; common to prime 11@14c.
Live Stock.
NEW YORK, December 15.—Beeves to-day number 500 head, with more expected to-night; total this week 8,100; market slow, and thin stock lower; several lots of yesterday's Texans are still unsold; a few of 2s, owt; most at 8c; Illinois cattle of 6 owt at 9c; some of 7s, owt at 11¼c; fancy holiday cattle of 15 owt not wanted at 14@14½c. Sheep count 2,350 head today, and 17,500 for the week: this tight run causes a strong market; 3 cars thin 65-lb Ohio sold at 5¾c; 3 cars 78-lb Michigan 8c; a car 117-lb Canada 7½c; a car 120-lb state 8c. Hogs number 4,100 head to-day, and 30,900 for the week; demand irregular; live rather strong; 3 cars selling at 6¾c.
BUFFALO, December 15.—Cattle: receipts 39 car loads, making 395 cars for the week against 371 for the same time last week; arrivals generally go forward in first hands; sales of 25 Illinois steers, 1,220 lbs, $5.60; and 42 Missouri 1,188 lbs, $4.90. Sheep: receipts 400 head; market closes dull and drooping with little demand; sales 218 Michigan 76 lbs, $4.37½; 187 Indiana, 80 lbs, $5.12½. Hogs: receipts 7,000; market slow; prices 10c lower; demand better for best grades; sales of 3,000 at $4.80@4.50 for medium to choice.
ALBANY, December 15.—Cattle; the offerings to-day were the largest and best ever seen here; cattle sold steadily and slowly at the price current last week; range prices $4.50@ 5.50. Sheep and lambs; supply large and demand not active; the wool sheep $4.50@5.62½; choice @ $5.00@5.25, lambs $6.75@7.50. Hogs in good demand; sales of State at $4.75@5.00; western $5.00@5.25.
Chicago.
CHICAGO, December 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and prices grooping; No 1 Spring $1.38; No 2 do $1.30½; No 3 $1.20; rejected $1.04½@1.05; seller last half month $1.06¾; January $1.20½; February $1.22¾; seller all March $1.25¾. Corn firm and in fair demand but at lower rates; No 2 mixed 40¾; rejected 39@39½c; seller January 41¾; February 42@42½c; April 43½@44c; May 47¾@47¾c. Oats: heavy receipts depress the market; No. 2, 31½c; on options the buyers and sellers were apart. Rye quiet and steady at 72¼@72½c. Barley dull and prices a shade lower at 70¾@71½c. Pork firm at $13.20@13.25; seller January $13.25@13.40; February $13.40@13.50; March $13.90@14.00; April $14.15@14.20. Lard quiet at 8¾c; seller January 8¾c; seller February 8¾c; March 8¾@9c; April 9c; May 9¼@9¾c. Only

HOME NEWS.

Unknown Man Killed.—An unknown young man was killed on Thursday, a short distance east of Alliance, Ohio, while walking on the track of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway. In attempting to get off the track in front of an approaching train, his foot caught and he fell, several cars passing over him and mangling him in a horrible manner. The remains were taken to Alliance, and had not been identified at last accounts.

We have received the December number of the *People's Monthly*. It is a splendid exhibition in itself of what home art, talent and mechanism can produce. The engravings are all very beautiful and artistic; the selections entertaining and the original matter of the very highest order in point of style and excellence. As a Christmas sheet we regard the current number of the *Monthly* as far ahead of anything of like character yet put forward by eastern publishers.

Smothered to Death.

Saturday morning an infant child was found dead in bed at a house on Hill street, Thirteenth ward. The Coroner was summoned to hold an inquest and found that the child was but a few months old, and of illegitimate birth. The evidence went to show that it had been smothered to death, but as there were no marks of violence upon its person the jury returned a verdict of "accidental smothering." It was named Wm. H. Bear.

Mercantile Library Association.

At the meeting of this Association, held last evening, the following committee was elected to nominate the regular ticket to be voted for at the annual election: Messrs. Wilson King, W. J. Nelson, A. H. Lane, John McKain, Beverly Jones, G. L. Follansbee, and T. K. Wilson. The annual election will be held early in January, and we hope for the benefit of the institution that an opposition ticket will be nominated. It adds to the interest, and to the membership. We are pleased to announce that the President, Mr. H. M. LOVE, will not be a candidate at this election.

Arrest of an Engineer.

On the 9th of December, it will be remembered, Henry Brown, a conductor of a freight train on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, was killed at the outer depot, Allegheny, by being crushed between two cars. The Coroner's jury found a verdict censuring the engineer of the train for criminal carelessness. Coroner West issued his warrant for the arrest of the engineer, and Constable Oliver Dressler, special detective for the District Attorney, arrested the engineer, Joseph Cohen, at his home in Allegheny. A partial hearing was given the prisoner, and he was admitted to bail in the sum of $2,000.

Fire Yesterday Morning.

A fire was discovered yesterday morning at about fifteen minutes past five o'clock, in the machine shop in the rear of the furniture manufactory of J. W. Wood well & Co., on Fourth avenue. The fire department was promptly on the ground, and the flames were speedily subdued. The fire is supposed to have caught from the furnace. The building and stock in the burned portion was, fortunately, most part, removed in time to save it from damage. The loss on stock and machinery will probably amount to $3 000, on which there is no insurance. The building, a three story brick, belongs to Mr. John P. Singer, and is valued at about nine thousand dollars. Damage to the amount of about one thousand dollars was inflicted on the building. There is an insurance of fifteen hundred dollars on the building in the Western Company of Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh Female College.

The winter term of this ever popular and widely known institution for the education of young ladies, it should be borne in mind, is just opening. The term begins with a very large attendance of pupils, and under most favorable circumstances. Parents and guardians having daughters or wards to educate, and desiring to have them entered at this college, which is one of the best in the country, should communicate at once with Rev. I. C. Pershing, D.D., if they have not already done so. The advantages of this college, as regards the number and acknowledged ability of its faculty, the Christian influences brought to bear upon pupils, the comfortable, homelike accommodations furnished boarding pupils with its central location and delightful surroundings, are well-known, and commend the institution to the favorable consideration of all.

A literary and musical entertainment will be given on Tuesday evening, the 19th inst., at half-past seven o'clock, in the College Chapel.

Supper and Fair.

On Thursday evening, under the auspices of the Ladies' Mite Society of the Emory M. E. Church of West Liberty, Rev. W. A. Davidson, pastor, a supper was given and a fair held. Everything conspired to make the occasion enjoyable. The evening was delightful; the supper was excellent; everything in the way of arrangement was good. The number of people present was large. Ministers and members of other churches were there. The spirit of genuine sociability and of true Christian union prevailed. The whole thing was a grand success. The people endowed themselves.

The festivities of the occasion were at one time interrupted for a moment to listen to a statement made by the pastor of the church. It was to this effect: that by the efforts of one gentleman in his congregation, the sum $1,000 had been secured from the members of the church and other liberal friends, to be added to the amount already in the treasury of the Mite Society, which would swell it to $1,824 25. To this would be also added the proceeds of the supper and fair, making, no doubt, in all over $2,000.

He also said that against the earnest protest of the gentleman by whose efforts the contribution had been secured, he must give his name—it was Mr. David E. Bayard.

The Mite Society of the Emory Church is a successful institution. Its President is Mrs. Samuel Chadwick; its Treasurer, Miss Susan Bayard; its members, a host of working ladies.

Robbed by a Clerk.

Mr. William Semple, the Allegheny dry goods merchant, seems especially for the past few weeks to have been selected as a victim by "shoplifters" who have taken advantage of his well known disinclination to expose any one, and have become emboldened by temporary success. A few days ago we noticed the detection of several young girls who had carried off a considerable quantity of goods from his establishment but whom he refused to subject to the disgrace of a prosecution. This seems, however, not to have been the only instance, and the detectives who ferreted it out, were employed to investigate still further. Mr. Semple was aware of the fact that during the past four week he had lost about $700 worth of silks, laces, and &c—the aggregation of the thefts had been conducted in such a manner as to convince him that the criminal was no "outsider." Investigation proved this idea to be the true one and led to the arrest yesterday of a young man who had been in his employ until discharged about two weeks ago. Chief Clark arrested him at his residence in Birmingham, when he confessed that he had taken $300 worth of goods; when brought over to the Allegheny lock up he made a further confession that he had taken in all about $700 worth.

Mr. Semple was at first inclined not to prosecute but at last—believing that if punishment was once meted out, it would keep him from further trouble—he made an information against the young man for larceny. The accused was locked up and will have a further hearing to-day.

WHO SHALL SETTLE?

Another Legal Suit for Register Gray to Track—An Appeal in the Robinson Case.

The McCabe will case, it would appear, now is to have a rival for the attention of Register Gray in a new case that will come before him this morning. Some time since Mr. Charles W. Robbinson, of this city, died in Fayette county, and soon after letters of administration were taken out upon his estate by Mr. J. H. Baldwin, a member of the Pittsburgh Bar. It seem that the letters were taken out hastily in order to be in advance of the action of certain parties in Fayette who contemplated taking the matter in their own hands, and who ultimately did secure letters in that place. Mr. Baldwin, as soon as his appointment was made, commenced to settle up the business, and had proceeded satisfactorily for some time when a legal quietus was put upon his operations for the time being by an appeal filed before Register Gray by Major A. M. Brown, counsel for the relations of the deceased—some of whom reside in Virginia and others in Nova Scotia. They object to his administorship on the grounds—among other reasons—that Mr. Baldwin is administrator of the estate of Mr. Palm Beck, who was formally a partner of Mr. Robinson, which partnership has never been finally settled; this is also contended makes him ineligible. Other reasons are also given, all of which will come up for hearing and argument before the Register this morning. Mr. Robinson's estate was valued at from $15,000 to $20,000, and the present prospects are that the contest for the distribution of it will be warm. The friends claim they are the responsible parties who should attend to the matter, while the other side contend that—as no charge of improper settlement is made—that the present administratorship should be continued.

CAPTURED AT LAST.

A Notorious Horse Thief Arrested—Wanted at Various Points—An Accumulation of Charges.

The detectives of this city, as well those of other cities, have for some time past been looking for a certain man, John Dorrington by name, against whom some half dozen of informations have been made for horse-stealing, false pretences, &c. The first of these was made about a year ago, and since that time the others have been gradually accumulating. He has been heard of in this city and vicinity a number of times, but each time has successfully eluded the clutches of the law. He has been wanted in Philadelphia, Chambersburg, Hollidaysburg, Wheeling, Allegheny, and Pittsburgh, each in turn, and now the detectives of this city have the credit of his apprehension.

Yesterday Detectives Irwin and Cupples in some way obtained information that Dorrington was expected in the city for the purpose of attending market, and they determined to obtain an interview with him if possible. Proceeding about two o'clock to the Diamond market they discovered their man in company with a boy named Crow, busily engaged in disposing of a quantity of poultry which they had in their possession. They had with them a pair of horses and wagon, which with their stock in trade, consisting of thirty-one turkeys and forty-one chickens, the boy Crow states, belong to Messrs. Horn & Story, of Brownesville, they being commissioned by the firm to dispose of the stock in market. The officers took Dorrington into custody, and immediately telegraphed to Brownsville to ascertain whether or no the boy's story is true. The information upon which he was arrested was that of Mr. John McCaslin, who alleges that Dorrington hired from the firm of which he (McCaslin) is a member, a horse and buggy, which he afterwards endeavored to sell to Mr. Benjamin McVay, of Allegheny, and to whom he succeeded in disposing of the buggy for forty dollars.

The agent of a Philadelphia dry goods firm is in the city, who has preferred a charge against Dorrington of obtaining goods on false pretenses. Three other informations have been made against the accused, two in Allegheny and one in this city. There will possibly be other informations made, and there will doubtless be further developments at the hearing, which will take place to-day, or as early as possible.

Rare and Beautiful.

The holiday stock offered at Schanke & Will's jewelry store, No. 149 Smithfield street, is rare and beautiful, and those who are making their purchases should not fail to call there. Prices reasonable and every article guaranteed.

WAS THERE FRAUD?

The Hay-Numbers Case—Continuation of the Testimony—Mr. Cohen on the Stand—He Emphatically Denies Mr. Hay's Another Version of the Affair—Flat Contradictions.

The examination of witnesses in the First ward contested election case was resumed yesterday afternoon before J. S. Ferguson, Esq., Commissioner.

Josiah Cohen, Esq., was called, and testified as follows: Am a resident of the First ward and a member of the Pittsburgh bar; remember the election held for Alderman in 1870; was at the election, and remained there until shortly before the first count was concluded; I can't state exactly the time I left, but I think it was about eight o'clock; went to Alderman Humbert's office; I went there alone; I was in Alderman Humbert's office when I heard the result of the first count; the room was crowded; there were present, as far as I can remember, during the time, Mr. Rees, Mr. Joseph Ross, Mr. Cuthbert, Mr. G. W. Coffin, Mr. Fitzsimmons, I think, and others I don't remember; I remained at the office, to the best of my knowledge, until nearly ten o'clock; I left then, went to take supper, and think I was in company with Messrs. Rees, Ross, Capt. A. Miller and Mr. Cuthbert, I think, but am not certain of the went to corner of Fourth and Market; I didn't know the name then, but know now it was Pancoast's; we had oysters there; suppose we Pancoasts; we had supper together; when remained there half an hour together; when we left Pancoast's, the company I was with scattered; I think it was about just ten when we left Pancoast's; I went to my own residence on Second avenue; I did not leave my residence that night again.

MR. COHEN IS AT HOME.

Q—From the time you left the school house where the election was conducted before the conclusion of the first count, did you again visit the school house that night? A—I did not to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Q—Were you in company with Mr. Jake Webster, on the night of the election at the corner of Second and Short streets, in the city of Pittsburgh? A—I was not; I went to bed about that night? A—I was not.

Q—Did you, on that night, ask Mr. G. W. Coffin if he had any tickets in his pockets, and obtain from him five tickets, and scratch the name of Captain Hay therefrom, and hand him in the Webster? A—I did not; I was a staunch friend of Mr. Hay all day and evening, and voted for him.

Q—Did you, after the first count, enter that school house, in company with Mr. Coffin and Mr. Webster, and after a few minutes go up to Mr. Coffin and say to him, "Hay is in," at the same time holding up your hand above your eyes? A.—I *did not*. No such a thing ever occurred.

Q—Did you obtain tickets from Mr. George Coffin and hand them to Mr. Jacob Webster on the night of the election held previous to the one referred to, or did you know of any person furnishing Mr. Webster with tickets that night? A—I did not. Mr. Webster was almost an entire stranger to me at that time. I had not then, nor have I now, anything more than a passing acquaintance with G. W. Coffin. Don't think I ever spoke fifty words to Mr. Coffin in my life.

Q—Did you know of any frauds being committed by Jacob Webster, by dropping tickets into the election box on the night before referred to? A—I had no such knowledge.

Q—When did you first hear of this story in regard to Mr. Coffin, Mr. Webster and yourself, as charged to by Mr. G. W. Coffin. A—I never heard it till Monday morning, December 4th of this year, and then it was told to me by John Cuthbert, on my way to my office.

A STRONG DENIAL.

Q—Have you heard the statement under oath of George W. Coffin in regard to yourself, Webster and Coffin, of the dropping of certain tickets into the election box in the First ward of the city of Pittsburgh, on the night before referred to? A—I have. Q—Is certain statement, in all its details, true or false? A—It is untrue. Both as a whole and in its details it is positively untrue, so far as I am or have knowledge of.

Q—Have you heard the statement of Geo. W. Coffin that he met Josiah Cohen and Jake Webster on the corner of Short and Second streets, and that Mr. Cohen asked if he (Coffin) had any tickets in his pockets; that he (Coffin) gave Mr. Cohen five tickets; that he (Cohen) scratched the name of Capt. Hay off them and handed them to Webster? A—I have not. Webster and Coffin) walked together towards the school house; and afterwards he (Cohen) came up to Mr. Coffin and said in a low tone, "they're in." Is that a truthful statement in whole or in part? A—It is untrue both as a whole and in its details.

Mr. Cohen was now requested to make any statement or explanation he might deem necessary in regard to this controversy.

Mr. Cohen—I desire to state that I repel the entire fabrication.

Mr. Marshall, who conducted the examination of the witness, announced that he had finished.

Mr. Barton, counsel for Mr. Hay, proceeded to cross-examine witness.

Q.—Mr. Cohen, did you not make a speech to the electors at the school house after the result of that election had been announced. A.—After the result for Councilman had been reported, the successful candidates were called upon for a speech, and I spoke.

A "FEW REMARKS" BY REQUEST.

Q.—Did you not also deliver a short address to Alderman Humbert and friends at his office, after that first count had been announced? A.—By request I made a few remarks.

Q.—Did you not hear the friends there talking about going down to the school house to have a recount, to see if there had not been a mistake?

[Objected to by Mr. Marhall as irrelevant and not cross-examination.]

A.—There was a great deal of conversation going on, but I do not remember the subject of a recount being broached at that time.

Q.—About the time you got through with your "few remarks" was there not an undissenting or difficultly accurred there between Jacob Webster and Matthew Keep, Jake threatening to whip Keep, and some other parties speaking to pacify them?

Objected to for the same reason as previous question.

A.—No, sir; I never heard anything of the kind; nor could I swear that Webster or Keep were in Humbert's office.

Q.—Do you swear that Webster and Keep were *not* in the room at the time? A—No, sir, I cannot.

Q.—Do you know Charles Coffin, the son of G. W. Coffin? A—I just made his acquaintance during the time the last primary election this year was going on; I have seen him before.

Q.—Did you visit or call upon Mr. Charles Coffin, at his father's place of business, in the First ward, Pittsburgh, on or about the day of the late city election? A.—I did not. I did go to his father's store to see his father.

NEVER TALKED OF "HUSHING UP."

Q.—Did you not then and there say to him that you wanted him to try and influence his father to hush this thing up, and not disclose that he was guilty, and some fraudulent tickets, or words to that effect? A.—I assert most positively that I did not. I called at the late city election? A.—I did not. December, after the rumor was first imparted to me by Mr. Cuthbert, for the purpose of finding out Semple's opinion of the case. Mr. G. W. Coffin was not in, and the only remark I made to his son, who had told me he would be in shortly, was that the election ticket that day, was that he ought not to go back on the party for the sake of one man. This I remember distinctly, and I never asked him to hush any matter up.

Q.—You are acquainted with Maj. A. M. Brown, attorney? A.—I am.

Q.—Shortly after the election for Alderman in December, 1870, had you a conversation with him in his office or about the corner of Grant street, in relation to this election contest between Hay and Humbert? A—I have no recollection of any such an occurrence.

Q.—Did you not then and there state to Major A.M. Brown, that the Democratic Alderman Humbert's, was crying like a child, and that enlisted your feeling very much, and that you had gone down to the school house and taken an interest in the matter to see what could be done to have it made right, or words to that effect and meaning? A—I have no recollection of any such conversation.

PROTHONOTARY ROSS CALLED.

Joseph Ross, Prothonotary, examined by Mr. Marshall—Was at Alderman Humbert's office on night of election; there were present, among others, James Rees, Capt. Andy Miller, Joshiah Cohen and John Cuthbert; went in company with Capt. Miller to school house; was refused admittance; left Cohen at Humbert's office when I went to school house; and found him there when I came back; first heard result of second count at Humbert's office; Cohen was there, to the best of my knowledge, all the time; Mr. Coffin was there; couldn't say when he left; don't remember seeing any difficulty between Keep and Webster, though doors were open and parties were passing to and fro; Mr. Cohen made a speech; persons present were friends of Humbert.

W. R. Boggs examined by Mr. Parkinson—Was one of the election inspectors, and present during whole first and second count; there were present in room, besides election board, Squire Hunter, Matthew Keep and Mr. Graney—don't remember anybody else—don't remember seeing Cohen or Coffin there at any time; left during the second count and returned during third count.

Cross-examined by Mr. Barton—Stewart, one of the inspectors, took Webster's place as clerk during his absence. Understood that he was asked to take his place because Webster was too much under influence of liquor that he was not competent to count.

On being called as direct witness by Mr. Barton, Esq., he said that Mr. Coffin had communicated to him the fact that some extra tickets had been placed in ballot-box; that Cohen and Webster asked him for tickets, and afterward Cohen had said to him "it is all right, they are in;" at the time this conversation occurred Mr. Coffin was a candidate for Councilman, and was pretty warm and bitter.

Uzziah Stewart was then examined, but did not divulge anything new.

Mr. F. Cassiday, examined by Barton—Was return inspector; did not see Josiah Cohen in room until after second count; received no third ballot; think it was at end of third ballot; did not see him near the table; there were a great many persons in the room; I did not belong to any of the factions of the party in the ward.

The case here rested and will be argued in court to-day.

POLICE NOTES.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

Thirteen was the number of cases disposed of by Mayor Brush yesterday.

Mathew Schringer was yesterday arrested on a bail piece and committed to jail, on a charge of keeping a disorderly house.

Daniel Keefe, who was charged, on oath of his step-mother, with malicious mischief, was arrested yesterday, had a hearing before Alderman Logan, and committed for trial in default of bail in the amount of $300.

Officers Rivers and Caples yesterday arrested three men named John Zimmerman, Jessie Edwards and Daniel Brown, for attempting to steal the doors and sash from the Atlantic Garden Saloon, on Diamond alley. The Mayor sent them to the Workhouse for four months each.

Yesterday Colson, the man charged with robbing the dwelling house of Messrs. Singer Bros. & Co., on Centre Franklin, was sent to that place in charge of a Venango county officer.

David Williams, colored, made an information before Justice Barker, of South Pittsburgh, charging Meichoir Beltzhoover with disorderly conduct and disturbance, while on his beat in the discharge of his duties. Meichoir was arrested and held for a hearing.

Kitty Smith and Kitty Johnson are in a heap of trouble. Kitty Smith keeps a "ladies' boarding house" on Third avenue, and the other Kitty is one of the "ladies" boarders. These, and other facts which we will proceed to narrate briefly, were developed at the office of Alderman Strain yesterday afternoon. Kitty Johnson appeared before the magistrate and made complaint against Kitty Smith, charging her with larceny by bailee, a trunk, which, with contents, was valued at $150, the property of the former, having been retained in the possession of the latter. Kitty Smith, in retaliation, brought a like charge against Kitty Johnson, alleging that that individual has in her possession a gold chain valued at $35, which rightfully belonged to her (Kitty Smith). Not to be outdone by her inhospitable landlady, Kitty Johnson now made two additional informations against Kitty Smith, charging her with assault and battery and also with keeping a bawdy house. The magistrate held both parties for a hearing, which will probably take place to-day.

John Hughes yesterday afternoon made an information before Alderman Strain, charging Charles Holmes with assault and battery. Charles had not been found last evening.

BREVITIES.

Good average winter weather.

Many ice houses in course of erection.

TRINITY CHURCH will not be completed for at least six weeks yet.

THE streets are crowded daily with ladies laying in their Christmas gifts.

THE ice below the Suspension bridge is in fine condition for skating again.

MR. JOSEPH SNOWDEN, it is stated, will be assistant clerk under Mayor Blackmore.

PETER FISHER, the young man injured in KNOX, Kim & Co.'s glass house, has died from his injuries.

ANDREW SIMS, a fireman, was injured yesterday morning at the fire at Woodwell's by the fall of a cornice.

THE Water Commissioners meet this afternoon, when the election of a secretary will probably be again attempted.

LOUIS GREEN publishes a card to his patrons in another column. It is remarkable how popular the Central Shaving Saloon has become.

THE Pan Handle Railroad piers on Try street are being so rapidly finished that it is expected the bridge will be completed in a month.

YESTERDAY an application was made in the Court of Common Pleas for a charter of incorporation for the Iron Works and Mechanics Building and Loan Association.

JOHN RUPP, who was held a prisoner in jail to answer a charge of failing to pay special revenue tax, was yesterday released, the case having been compromised.

FIRE MARSHAL BUTLER has investigated the Elm street fire, and gives it as his opinion that it was the work of an incendiary. The loss is $500, with an insurance of $300 in the "Continental" of New York.

YESTERDAY letters of administration were taken out by John McKinney, widow of the late James McKinney, of Allegheny. The bond filed was for $20,000. In the will Mr. J. P. Smith was named as executor.

The following officers have been chosen for the ensuing year by St. Valentines Beneficial Society: President, Peter Barle; Vice President, Antony Martin; Secretary, D. Shaffer, Treasurer, E. Hess; Messengers, Joseph Schaub and Fred. Kolf.

LYON, SHORB & Co., West Pittsburgh, are building a stone house at high water mark, on the Monongahela river, in which they propose placing an engine for the purpose of supplying their foundry with water from the river, by means of a force-pump.

YESTERDAY afternoon Mayor Brush received from Mr. S. J. Wainwright, one of the collectors for the Fifteenth ward, for the Relief Fund, $268.00. This, with $230.25 which was previously reported, makes a total from the Fifteenth ward of $498.25.

MR. WM. H. KENNEDY has been chosen Chief Engineer, and Mr Joseph Lowry Mechanical Engineer of the Water Commission. An unsuccessful attempt was made to elect a secretary, and the matter was finally postponed until a subsequent meeting.

AT the regular meeting of McCandless Lodge No. 30, A. Y. M., held Thursday evening, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: A. M., W. Clarke; S. W., Geo. Laing; J. W., Ben. Darlington; Secretary, Wm. King; Treasurer, John Perring; Tiler, Thos. Hess. The W. Chap., Jno. H. Ulam and A. J. Harbaugh.

THE Clark Jewelry has not yet been finally disposed of. Mr. Kane, the administrator, has accepted an offer for the Clark business man. Part of it, however, it is said will be offered for sale at no distant day. The pieces are worth probably one thousand dollars, there being no doubt whatever of the genuineness of the diamonds.

It appears that no will of the late Bernard Burns has yet been found, and yesterday Mr. Bernard Burns took out letters of administration on the estate. Mr. Burns leaves but one child, who is a student in a medical college in Philadelphia. Mr. Rafferty was selected by him as administrator. It is said the estate consists principally of real estate in this city, valued at $50,000.

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But the most common form is that of glandular affections, or swelling, enlargement and final suppuration of the glands of the body.

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New Goods Arriving Daily.

The recent purchases made by Messrs. J. R. Reed & Co., No. 68 Fifth avenue, consists in part of some of the finest brooches, with ear rings to match, in fine stone, cameo, sardonyx, coral, pearl, enamelled and fancy gold, in great variety; sleeve buttons in all the modern settings—stone, sardonyx, amethyst, bloodstone, onyx, &c., elegant in design and of curious workmanship. Call in and take a peep through the store, and we doubt not but that something suitable for a present will be found. No. 68 Fifth avenue.

Attractive.

Mr. M. T. Heckert, No. 61 Frazier's Block, Allegheny, has a very attractive assortment of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, which he will make into holiday suits at very reasonable rates. He is entirely able to suit the taste of the most fastidious, having had long experience in the merchant tailoring business. Excellent material, a varied assortment, fashionable styles, perfect fitting suits and low prices all combine to recommend No. 61 Diamond, Allegheny City.

The Poet's Album

Lovers of beautiful poems and admirers of popular authors will be pleased to learn that Messrs. M. S. Davis & Co., 176 Liberty street, have lately received a large and varied assortment of these Albums. Call and see them and also notice the fine collection of standard and miscellaneous works upon his counters. Certainly a selection can be made that would prove most acceptable as a holiday present to a friend.

Winter Goods.

Young or old gentlemen who wish to supply their wardrobes more completely with a good stock of winter goods can find no better place to do it than at Hesselfeld & Co.'s, No. 50 Sixth (late St. Clair) street. They will find the stock of clothes there on hand to be unsurpassed, and all that could be desired, and if orders are left at the house, the result will be entire satisfaction in price, fit, and quality of the goods.

The Diamond Shaving Saloon, No. 64 Diamond, Allegheny, has achieved a well merited reputation under the direction of the proprietors, Messrs. Lysles and Scroggins, who understand exactly what is wanted for a first class shaving saloon.

NOT SATISFIED.

Rumors of Irregularities—A Recount of the Votes Desired—Action of a Citizens' Meeting.

Last evening a meeting of citizens of the Fourth ward, Allegheny, was held in the School House on Avery street, to take some action in reference to the rumors of irregularities in the last election. There were about seventy-five people in attendance.

The meeting was called to order at eight o'clock, when Mr. Job Tetzell was called to the chair.

Mr. James Callery then stated the object of the meeting, and said that there was considerable "talk" of irregularities in counting the votes of the First precinct at the last meeting. He had been in the room at three o'clock in the afternoon when the vote was counted. He had heard of another count at five o'clock, but none after that until eleven o'clock. He thought there was something wrong, and believed a recount was necessary.

Mr. H. Kleber said that if there had been any irregularity, it might be well enough to have a recount. He therefore made a motion to that effect.

Mr. W. H. Reel said the people could not order a recount of the ballot. He thought the proper way was to pass a resolution requesting the election officers to open the ballot box and recount the ballots cast in the first precinct, to satisfy the people and set at rest the rumors.

Mr. W. D. Moore said if there was a desire generally by the citizens to have a recount, the election officers would respond to their wishes, and if not, they could be compelled to do so.

After some further discussion a resolution was passed for the appointment of a committee to wait upon the election officers and have a recount of the votes—the committee to make their request in writing, and to have the votes for the whole ward ticked in the first precincts recounted.

Messrs. W. H. Reel, Joseph Rynd, Henry Stoltz and Christian Kleber were appointed as the committee to make known the result of their action at a future meeting of citizens, whereupon they were ready to report.

The meeting then adjourned.

Holiday Presents at Mellor & Hoene's.

The Great Music Emporium for the West is at Mellor & Hoene's, No. 53 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. Recently this establishment has undergone a number of changes, but all for the better. Mellor & Hoene now devote their extensive rooms and all their attention to Pianos and Organs. In this way they are enabled very much to increase their stock in these instruments, and in every respect their large and perfect their business. Their emporium—always a good place to go to—is now the very best place to go if you want a first-class piano or organ. There is no sham at No. 53. What Mellor & Hoene say can be implicitly relied on. What they promise they will fulfil to the letter. Their instruments are invariably all they represent them to be, both in durability and musical excellence. And in this way they have built up their vast trade and made for themselves a noble reputation for business.

When a man goes there to buy he finds things as advertised, both in price and character. Mellor & Hoene have a Piano, We take pleasure in recommending this beautiful instrument. It is a magnificent Piano, has accepted an offer for a first class business man. Part of it, however, it is said will be offered for sale at no distant day. The pieces are worth probably one thousand dollars, there being no doubt whatever of the genuineness of the diamonds.

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